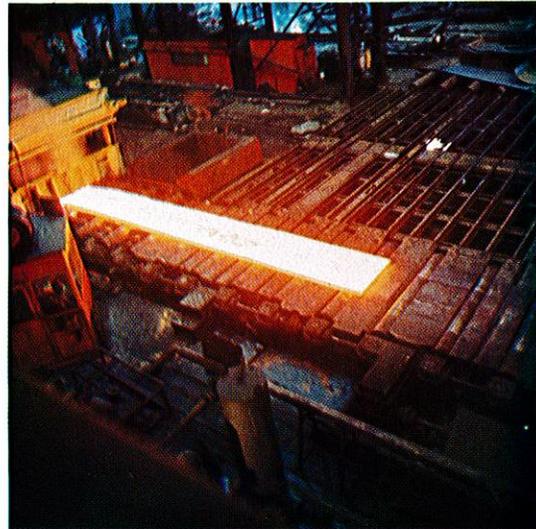
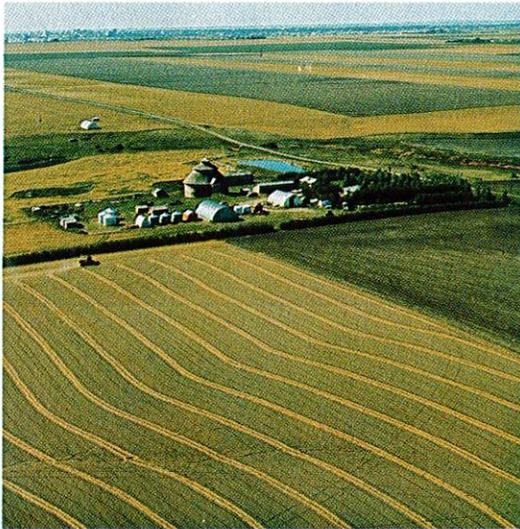


Saskatchewan



1975

economic review



Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics

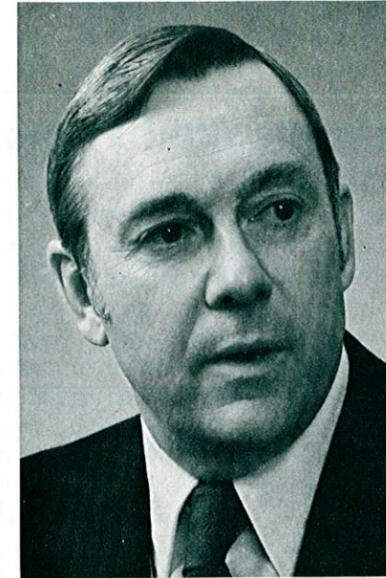
SASKATCHEWAN ECONOMIC REVIEW

Table of Contents

	<i>Page</i>
Foreword	3
Statistical Summary of Economic Indicators	4
The Canadian Economy	5-7
The Saskatchewan Economy	7-9
List of Statistical Tables and Maps	12
Statistical Tables and Maps	13-33
Economic Accounts of Saskatchewan	35-43

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October 1975



FOREWORD

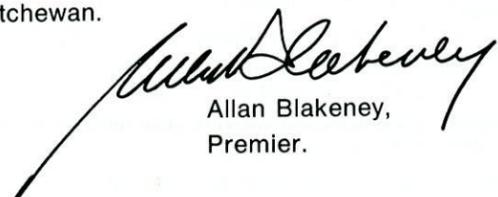
This year has been an exceedingly good year for Saskatchewan. By almost any standard of measurement, we are enjoying record levels of economic activity — virtually full employment, a growing population, incomes not far below the national average.

There is every indication that 1976 will be an equally good year, provided production and prices stay buoyant for our major farm products and our important natural and mineral resources.

While our agricultural production is maintaining itself, especially in grains and cash crops, it is gratifying to see that the big changes in our economy are taking place in the non-agricultural sectors.

This is an encouraging development because it means we are having some success in diversifying our economy, particularly in the manufacturing sector. Employment in manufacturing is increasing rapidly and there has been a big increase in the number of new industries locating in this province.

Saskatchewan is relatively rich in energy and mineral resources. One of the strengths of our economy in the future, I am sure, will lie in the government's determination to get full value from our resources for all the people of the province. In this way we can lessen our economic dependence on outside influences and increase the benefits of our resources to make life better for all the people of Saskatchewan.



Allan Blakeney,
Premier.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC INDICATORS SASKATCHEWAN

	Unit of Measure	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
Population (June 1)	Thousands	957	960	958	941	926	916	908	907
Labour Force	Thousands	332	342	350	350	348	352	358	363
Unemployed	Per Cent	1.8	2.3	3.1	4.3	3.7	4.3	3.6	2.8
Personal Income (Total)	\$ Million	1,932	2,187	2,269	2,133	2,540	2,745	3,516	4,227*
Wages and Salaries & Supp. Labour Income	\$ Million	1,049	1,130	1,203	1,231	1,327	1,485	1,639	1,981*
Farm Income	\$ Million	330	433	388	185	438	377	865	1,058*
Other Income	\$ Million	553	624	678	717	775	883	1,012	1,188*
Census Value Added in Goods Producing Industries (Total)	\$ Million	1,437	1,474	1,568	1,361	1,676	1,741 ^P	2,510*	3,055*
Agriculture	\$ Million	612	646	775	566	802	799	1,340*	1,530*
Non-Agriculture	\$ Million	824	828	793	795	874	942	1,170*	1,525*
Mining	\$ Million	305	300	289	323	348	356 ^P	430*	680*
Other Natural Resources	\$ Million	6	8	10	11	10	11	15*	15*
Manufacturing	\$ Million	166	170	187	192	210	244	320*	380*
Construction	\$ Million	292	291	240	198	231	253	325*	365*
Electricity	\$ Million	55	59	67	71	75	78	80*	85*
Agriculture									
Realized Farm Net Income	\$ Million	480	365	169	222	370	626	768	1,184
Farm Cash Income	\$ Million	978	899	718	723	908	1,204	1,468	2,056
Value of Mineral Production (Total)	\$ Million	365	358	347	396	426	428	536	801
Metals	\$ Million	46	47	44	44	25	31	34	36
Non-Metals	\$ Million	82	78	85	127	157	157	205	332
Fuels	\$ Million	222	219	207	216	234	230	283	416
Others	\$ Million	15	13	11	10	11	10	14	17
Oil Production Development and Exploration									
Volume of Oil Production	Mill. bbl.	93	92	87	90	88	87	86	74
Value of Oil Sales	\$ Million	212	208	196	201	219	214	264	397
Oil Wells Completed	Number	416	393	516	476	274	314	463	93
Drilling Licences Issued	Number	1,061	976	1,225	1,007	756	695	696	303
Electric Power Generated	Mill. KWH	4,363	4,876	5,522	6,011	6,075	6,747	7,438	7,364
Manufacturing — Value of Factory Shipments	\$ Million	480	489	530	545	578	646	810	1,014
Construction — Value of Work Performed	\$ Million	669	669	590	476	535	593	700	918
Housing — Starts	Number	7,293	6,725	5,450	1,743	3,560	4,845	6,386	7,684
— Completions	Number	5,873	7,712	6,103	3,265	2,761	3,967	5,421	6,487
Private and Public Investment (Total)	\$ Million	1,201	1,194	1,012	864	963	1,153	1,355	1,708
New Capital Investment	\$ Million	964	943	755	603	665	825	979	1,270
Construction	\$ Million	551	541	459	346	395	439	524	706
Machinery and Equipment	\$ Million	413	402	296	257	270	386	455	564
Repair and Maintenance	\$ Million	236	250	257	262	299	329	376	438
Estimated Retail Trade	\$ Million	1,081	1,082	1,052	1,018	1,139	1,275	1,458	1,765
Farm Implement Sales (Wholesale Prices)	\$ Million	131	107	82	64	88	120	167	194

^P Preliminary

Note: All figures presented in this table are based on data released by Statistics Canada except for Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics estimates indicated by an *

THE CANADIAN ECONOMY

In 1973 and early 1974 Canada's economy was operating at high rates of output and employment. However, as 1974 progressed, the cyclical downturn which had developed world-wide exerted an increasing influence on Canada's major exports. In addition, some sectors of domestic demand began to soften, especially spending on housing, automobiles and other consumer durables. Output declined and unemployment increased as economic recession became a reality. At the same time, domestic prices continued to rise at a rapid rate and attempts by income earners to maintain their relative positions resulted in strong upward pressure on costs.

During 1974, Gross National Product at market prices (the market value of all final goods and services produced by Canadians) increased by 17% with most of the increase accounted for by general price increases of about 14%, leaving real growth at only 2.8% for the year.

Recession continued into 1975 as real output fell by 1.4% during the first three months of the year. With the second quarter, however, there was some indication of a turning point in the current recession as real output increased by 0.3% — the first **quarterly** increase since the first quarter of 1974.

Employment

Employment in Canada increased by 378,000, or 4.3% in 1974, compared with the record growth of 430,000, or 5.2% in 1973. Slower advances in the second and fourth quarters account for the less rapid growth in 1974. The labour force also grew more slowly in 1974, increasing by 383,000 (4.1%) which was slightly less than the 1973 increase of 388,000 (4.4%). Increases in the working age population accounted for about two-thirds of the 1974 growth, and higher participation rates for the remainder.

The average number of unemployed in 1974 rose slightly to 525,000 from 520,000 in 1973. This was a small increase in relation to the labour force growth and hence, the average unemployment rate for the year fell, for the third consecutive year, to 5.4% from 5.6% in 1973.

December of 1974 marked the beginning of exceptionally high rates of unemployment with a seasonally adjusted rate for that month of 6.0%. The situation has continued to deteriorate in 1975 reaching a rate of unemployment of 7.3% in August. In spite of some signs of economic recovery it is difficult to envisage employment growing at a rate in excess of that of the labour force for any sustained period in the near term. Accordingly, unemployment rates near 7% seem likely to persist for the remainder of 1975 and probably into 1976.

Inflation

Prices of final goods and services accelerated sharply in 1974 in Canada as well as other industrial countries. In addition to double digit rates of increase in the consumer price indexes in most countries, similar rates of increase occurred in other measures of price change in the economy. The 13.8% increase in the Canadian G.N.E. deflator in 1974 was slightly above the average increase of 12.3% recorded by the O.E.C.D. countries.

On a year-end to year-end basis, the consumer price index rose 12.4% in 1974 compared with 9.1% in 1973. The rate of increase of every major component accelerated over the year.

Food prices were the main contributor to the rapid increase in the consumer price index, accounting for approximately 40% of the total change. This is, however, a drop from the approximately 50% contribution of food to the 1973 change. The percentage contribution of all other components was up.

Throughout the first four months of 1975, the rise in food prices slowed considerably, thereby exerting a moderating influence on the over-all pace of inflation. By mid-year food and energy once again became major contributors to inflation.

On balance it is difficult to foresee anything much better than a gradual moderation in over-all inflation — with a rate of between 10 - 11% in 1975 and approximately 9% in 1976. In summary, what may be anticipated well into 1976 is a continuation, with some moderation, of the phenomenon of high rates of inflation accompanied by an unacceptable level of unemployment.

Profits

The economic slowdown of 1974 was reflected in the incomes of corporations. Profits increased by 27.2% compared to increases of 34.4% in 1973 and 23.3% in 1972. They increased at a slower rate during each of the first three quarters of 1974 and declined by 9.6% during the fourth quarter — the first decline since 1970.

In 1973, gains by the resource industries were a particularly spectacular feature of profit expansion. In 1974, profit increases in these industries slackened to some extent. The easing was not confined to this area, however. In particular, the automobile industry, which is heavily dependent on the U.S. market, experienced a substantial weakening in profits in the final months of the year.

During the first quarter of 1975, the profit level declined by another 4.2% but recovered slightly in the second quarter with an increase of 1.7%. The strengthening is expected to be moderate, however, and the level of profits for the year will remain below that of 1974. There should be a moderate improve-

ment in corporate profits in 1976, as (if) economic recovery gets underway.

Personal Income

Personal income in Canada rose to \$111,469 million in 1974, a 16.7% increase compared with 15.8% for 1973.

Among the major components of personal income, interest, dividends and miscellaneous investment income (which accounts for about 8.6% of the total) showed the greatest percentage increase. Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income, accounting for 68.2% of the total personal income, increased by 16.9%. This is the largest nominal rise in labour income in more than 20 years and reflects both higher wages and an increase of 4.3% in the number of employed persons. Net income received by farm operators from farm production increased by only 2.5% in 1974 compared to an increase of 81.4% in 1973.

During the first two quarters of 1975, personal income has continued to grow, putting the current dollar total for the first half of 1975 at 15.1% above the total for the same period in 1974. It is expected that total 1975 personal income will register an increase of at least 14% over 1974.

Consumer Expenditure

Personal expenditures on consumer goods and services, a major component of domestic demand, accounted for 57% of domestic demand in 1974 as it increased by \$10.5 million or 15.2% in nominal terms. In real terms, these expenditures rose by 4.2% as the implicit price deflator for consumer expenditures rose by 10.5%.

While the amount of nominal growth appears significant, in real terms it was the lowest since 1970.

Personal income remained reasonably firm in 1974, a factor which helped prevent severe slippage in the demand for nondurable consumer goods. However, demand for durables such as automobiles, furniture, appliances and hardware recorded a marked slowdown during the year with the most pronounced decline occurring in the last two quarters. Personal expenditures on semi-durables also declined sharply in the latter part of the year. It is those two parts of the consumer expenditure component which have been responsible for a large part of the slowdown in total final demand.

During the first quarter of 1975, consumer expenditures showed very little strength, in fact the total expenditures for that quarter were considerably lower than the last quarter of 1974. In the second quarter these expenditures increased considerably with consumer durables providing the greatest strength. If the current upturn continues, the growth in consumer spending could approach 15% for 1975 and slightly higher in 1976.

Capital Formation

The starts in residential construction reached a record level in the first quarter of 1974. For the remainder of the year the number of starts increased at a much slower rate than in 1973. Total housing starts for the year were 222,123, down 17.3% from 1973. Multiple units were affected most as their share of starts fell to 45% of the 1974 total from 51% in 1973. However, because of record starts in 1973, there was a large carryover of units under construction at the beginning of 1974 with the result that completions increased by 4.3%.

Current dollar business expenditures on residential construction in 1974 increased by 16.8% to \$7.6 billion in spite of the decline in the number of starts. The expenditure increase provides an indication of the substantial increase in building costs which took place.

In the second quarter of 1975 investment in residential construction increased by 29.4% over the first quarter. However, since this was preceded by three consecutive quarters of strong decline, the level of expenditure was 11.6% below that of one year earlier.

Estimated housing starts of 210,000 for 1975 should be revised downward to 190,000 and may prove to be even lower. The estimate of 240,000 for 1976 should also be revised downward — to what level it is difficult to forecast.

Business investment spending, excluding housing, continued strong in 1974 displaying the usual lag behind output and demand in both the contractionary and expansionary phase of the business cycle. Business investment in machinery and equipment increased to \$10,922 million, an increase of 23.7% over 1973. Business non-residential construction increased to \$8,984 million, an increase of 23% over 1973. After adjusting for price changes, the growth in real total business investment during 1974, excluding housing, was 7.9%, lower than the 11.3% real advance in 1973 but much higher than the 2.8% real increase in Gross National Expenditure.

The review of business investment intentions for 1975 indicates a continuation of strong demand in this area. The most recent information from Statistics Canada, however, indicates that the growth rate in investment for 1975 may fall short of the level anticipated on the basis of the survey of intentions. It is expected, however, that most projects will be carried forward in the confidence that additional capacity will be necessary for the longer term and that postponement will merely result in higher project costs later on. Given these considerations, business investment, excluding housing, should increase by approximately 20% during 1975, but at a somewhat more moderate rate of increase in 1976.

International Trade

Exports of goods and services from Canada rose by 25.4% to \$38,488 million in 1974. Imports of goods and services increased by 31.2% to \$40,675, leaving a deficit on foreign trade of \$2,187 million — a dramatic increase from the 1973 deficit of \$319 million.

Depressed economic conditions in Canada's major trading countries account for the small increase in exports relative to imports. As an example, lumber exports to the U.S. declined by 30% and exports of motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts advanced only 3.5%. A lag in the slowdown of Canadian domestic demand kept the growth in imports at a much higher level.

Expressed in constant dollars, 1974 exports declined by 3.8% while imports increased by 8.6% — a clear indication of the extent to which the foreign sector exerted a drag on final real demand. Final domestic demand (which excludes net exports and inventory changes) actually was up 5% in 1974, although the gain in real G.N.P. was only 2.8%. The deterioration in the foreign sector converted a relatively strong domestic demand into a much lower rate of growth in real G.N.P.

In the first quarter of 1975, the trade balance

THE SASKATCHEWAN ECONOMY

Overview

It is generally acknowledged that the last few years have been good ones for Saskatchewan. Saskatchewan's economy did not experience the economic slowdown which occurred in most areas of Canada in 1974 and the first half of 1975. The resurgence of agriculture, associated with strong grain markets in recent years, has provided considerable stimulus to the provincial economy. During the two year period, 1973 and 1974, the net value of all commodities produced in the province, increased by over 75% and fully one-half of this increase was directly accounted for by the agricultural sector. The general buoyancy of the farm economy, as indicated by the dramatic rise in farm cash receipts, has meant strong demand for agricultural inputs. This, with the improved position of other primary industries, has generated additional employment and income in all other sectors. The province's gross domestic product at market prices — the total of all final goods and services produced in the province during a year — increased by 22.6% in 1974 to \$5,555 million.

Population and Labour Force Characteristics

The strong performance of the provincial economy is reflected in the extent of employment expansion. The number employed in Saskatchewan expanded by 8,000 in both 1973 and 1974, com-

continued to deteriorate, but some improvement was recorded in the second quarter with a 1.8% decrease in imports, calculated on a seasonally adjusted basis, and a simultaneous 2.7% increase in exports. Continued improvement may be expected for the remainder of 1975, resulting in a trade balance position for the year very close to that of 1974. Canada's trade balance in 1976 will depend mainly on the level of external demand and our ability to compete in international markets.

Conclusion

While the 0.3% increase in real G.N.P. during the second quarter of 1975 was modest, there is some indication that the turning point of the current recession has been reached. However, given the poor performance of the first quarter and the very moderate improvement presently being experienced, the real G.N.P. growth rate for the year will be only slightly greater than zero. Improvement in the last half of 1975 will provide a basis for continued gains into 1976. The outlook for 1976 is thus encouraging, providing internal policies to cope with inflation do not dampen the recovery and providing the economic situation in the United States and other major industrial nations continues to improve.

pared with an historical rate of net job expansion of only 3,600 since 1961. During 1973 and 1974, the increase in employment has outpaced the labour force growth. The level of unemployment has dropped from 15,000 persons in 1972 to 10,000 in 1974, with an accompanying decline in the average unemployment rate from 4.3% in 1972 to 3.6% in 1973, and to 2.8% in 1974. Saskatchewan continued to have one of the lowest unemployment rates in Canada during 1974.

In 1975, Saskatchewan's employment level has continued to increase reaching 388 thousand in July, compared to 381 thousand in July of 1974. Close to full employment has existed throughout the first eight months of the year. In fact, shortages of skilled labour are proving to be a factor restricting economic growth. For 1975, the average level of employment is expected to increase by 10 - 12 thousand and by a similar number in 1976 providing the primary resource industries do not suffer any major setback. The annual unemployment rate in 1975 is expected to be slightly below the 2.8% recorded in 1974 and indications are for a continuation of this low level of unemployment in 1976.

The rate of employment expansion has had a stabilizing effect on the province's population. For several years the Saskatchewan economy has not been able to generate sufficient employment to absorb all of its potential labour force entrants. In 1974,

however, net migration out of the province fell to 4,000 — one-third of the 1973 level. Saskatchewan's population grew from 906,000 on January 1, 1974 to 912,000 on Jan. 1, 1975. During the first six months of 1975, it grew by another 8,000 to 920,000 and every indicator points to a population level of at least 925,000 by the end of this year with continued growth into 1976.

Agriculture

Agriculture continued to play a major role in the economic performance of the province during the course of 1974. Record prices for grain caused farm cash receipts to reach an all-time high in 1974 of \$2,056 million, an increase of 40% over 1973. Receipts from livestock and livestock products for the year were down from 1973 as a result of lower prices.

Despite a low yielding crop of poor quality in 1974, cash receipts in 1975 are expected to be slightly higher than the previous year. Canadian Wheat Board payments and grain receipts deferred from 1974 put over \$950 million into the hands of farmers early in 1975. This and reasonably good prospects for the current crop year will ensure that 1975 cash receipts reach at least \$2.5 billion.

The livestock industry will make less of a contribution to total farm income, largely as a result of weakened beef prices and reduced hog marketings.

Realized net income (income to the farmer after operating and depreciation expenses, but not including inventory changes) increased by 54.2% to \$1,184 million in 1974. Total net farm income of farm operators (which takes into account changes in inventories of field crops and livestock) registered a slightly lower increase of 22.5% to \$1,203 million, reflecting the relatively low level of grain production in 1974.

Farm operating and depreciation expenses increased by 24.7% during 1974 accounting for the higher rate of increase in realized net income than in cash receipts. This provides a rather distorted picture of the relationship of farm costs to farm prices during the year. Much of 1974's increase in cash receipts reflects 1973 grain price increases through C.W.B. payments and 1973 grain receipts deferred until 1974. In fact, the index of farm prices of agricultural products in Saskatchewan declined by 22.2% from December 1973 to December 1974, while the farm input price index for Western Canada increased by 15.9% from the fourth quarter of 1973 to the fourth quarter of 1974.

The realized net income position of farmers in 1975 will not show a rate of increase as high as 1974. Smaller percentage gains in cash receipts and an erosion of their financial position through high operating costs will make any increase in the farmers' net income position in 1975 a modest one.

Grain prices during the early part of 1976 are expected to continue near the levels of 1975. This, and the possibility of a fairly average grain harvest in

1975, provide some basis for optimism regarding agriculture in 1976. However, the gap between receipts and operating costs is narrowing rapidly — a development which provides reason for concern.

Personal Income

In 1974, total personal income in Saskatchewan reached \$4,227 million, an increase of 20% over that of 1973.

Wages and salaries and supplementary labour income increased by 20.9% to \$1,981 million — accounting for 46.8% of the total. The farm component (which includes inventory changes) increased by 22.3% to \$1,058 million — accounting for 25.0% of the total.

Personal income per capita in 1974 increased by 20.4% to \$4,660 in Saskatchewan. However, this was still below Canada's per capita income of \$4,966.

A combination of expanded employment, higher grain production and steady grain prices should generate a 20% increase in Saskatchewan's 1975 personal income. A level slightly in excess of \$5 billion would appear to be a conservative estimate.

Value Added in Goods Producing Industries

The general buoyancy of the Saskatchewan economy during 1974 is indicated by a 21.7% rise in the value added by goods producing industries to \$3,055 million. Agriculture accounted for 50.1% of total value added in 1974 — down slightly from 53.4% in 1973. Value added in agriculture increased by 14.2% in 1974 to \$1,530 million, while the non-agricultural industries increased their value added by 30.3% in 1974 to \$1,525 million. The most significant increase was the value added in mining, which increased by \$250 million from \$430 million in 1973. Value added in manufacturing increased modestly during the year by 18.8% to \$380 million.

In 1975, the increase in value added by agriculture will again be in the order of 12% putting the total for the year near \$1,700 million. Value added by non-agricultural industries will reach in excess of \$1,750 million with all sectors contributing — the net effect will be a slightly larger share of total value added accounted for by non-agricultural industries.

Value of Mineral Production

Mineral production reached a value of \$801 million in 1974, up by 49.4% from 1973. The production value of non-metals and fuels exhibited the most dramatic increases with percentage gains of 62.0% and 47.0% respectively. The value of potash production alone increased by \$118 million as a result of increased prices and production. The value of petroleum production increased by \$133 million in spite of a slight decline in crude oil production.

The value of mineral production in 1975 will be

near \$900 million, mainly as a result of increased oil prices as well as increased production and prices for potash.

Investment

Total investment, consisting of all construction, machinery, and equipment and repairs increased to \$1,708 million, 26.1% above the total for 1973. Capital expenditures on new construction increased to \$706 million, up 34.7% from 1973 with increases registered by all industrial sectors except the utilities such as transportation and communication.

Investment in new machinery and equipment increased to \$564 million, up 24.0% from 1973. The primary and construction industries were the major investors as they increased their investment in new machinery and equipment by \$81 million to a 1974 level of \$371 million. Of this, agriculture accounted for \$320 million (86%). Total new capital investment in manufacturing showed a significant rate of increase during 1974 as it moved up 40.8% to \$48 million.

According to information provided by Statistics Canada total capital and repair expenditures in Saskatchewan during 1975 are expected to reach \$2,132 million, up 24.9% from the level recorded for 1974. The largest increase in absolute and percentage terms is expected to be in new machinery and equipment with investment of this type reaching \$814.5 million, an increase of 44.4%.

Given the optimistic attitude of business within the province there is every reason to expect the investment intentions to be realized. The recent increase in interest rates may have some impact on residential construction, but providing there is not a sharp reduction in credit availability most intended investments will be carried out.

Housing construction remained buoyant in 1974, in sharp contrast to the decline experienced in other parts of Canada. Housing starts reached 7,684 units, an increase of 20.3% over the previous year. Completions totalled 6,487 during the same period, also an increase of 19.7%. Approximately 40% of the starts and completions took place in centres of less than 10,000 population. The strength of economic activity within the province has resulted in a very low residential vacancy rate and greater activity in residential construction than had been anticipated.

The number of housing starts throughout the province in early 1975 dropped behind the starts for the comparable period in 1974. Construction of housing recovered toward mid-year. By the end of June, starts throughout the province were nearly equal to the number of starts recorded for the first six months of 1974. By the end of July starts in centres of 10,000 and over were higher than for the

same period in 1974. Given the 1975 performance to date, the number of housing starts may be expected to reach 8,000 by the year end with continued strength in residential construction during 1976.

Manufacturing

The value of shipments of goods manufactured in Saskatchewan increased by 25.2% in 1974 to \$1,014 million. The food and beverage industry accounted for a large, but declining part of the value of factory shipments as its share dropped to 38% in 1974 from 45% in 1973. Metal fabricating and chemical production industries made up a greater share of the total increase in 1974 than in the past.

The number of persons employed in manufacturing increased to an average of 17,500 in 1974 from an average of 16,500 in 1973.

During the first five months of 1975, the total value of factory shipments has been approximately equal to that of the first five months of 1974. Shipments from food and beverage industries have dropped by 6.9%, but this has been offset by increased shipments from most other industries, particularly metal fabricating, machinery and non-metallic mineral product industries.

Total investment in manufacturing increased by 34% in 1974 and is expected to increase by another 18% in 1975. In 1974 the greatest part of the increase was accounted for by industries other than manufacturers of food and beverages. In 1975, it is expected that investment in the food and beverage industries will actually decline but that there will be significant increases in investment by all other areas of manufacturing.

Retail Trade

The increased level of personal income resulting from prosperity in most economic sectors was reflected in a 21.0% increase in retail sales as they reached \$1,764 million in 1974. All categories of retail trade showed some gain, with the most outstanding increase being achieved by the motor vehicle dealers as they increased their sales by 31.9%, to \$473 million.

A major part of the increase was accounted for by rising prices as indicated by the consumer price index for Regina - Saskatoon which rose by 12.3% in 1974 on a year end to year end basis.

During the first five months of 1975, retail sales increased by 9.6% indicating continued growth in consumer demand. Given the record of consumer spending to date and the prospect for continued economic prosperity for the remainder of 1975 and into 1976, retail sales for 1975 may be expected to slightly exceed \$2 billion.

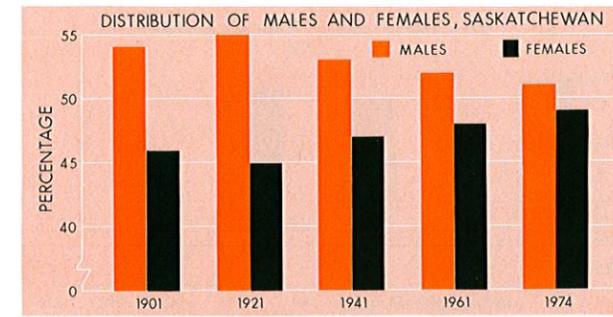
NOTE: All estimates and forecasts were made prior to announcement of the Federal Governments program of prices and incomes controls.

**STATISTICAL TABLES
AND CHARTS**

List of Statistical Tables and Maps

Table	Page	Table	Page
POPULATION			
1. Population, Canada and Saskatchewan by Sex	13	36. Farm Cash Receipts and Net Income	23
2. Births, Deaths, Natural Increase and Immigration, Saskatchewan	13	37. Farm Operating Expenses and Depreciation Charges, Saskatchewan	24
3. Distribution by Age Groups, Saskatchewan	13	38. Acreage Sown to Wheat, Saskatchewan	24
4. Urban, Rural and Farm Population, Saskatchewan	13	39. Average Wheat Yields, Saskatchewan	25
5. City Population, Saskatchewan	14	40. Production of Field Crops, Saskatchewan	25
LABOUR			
6. Index of Employment, Canada, Prairie Provinces	14	41. Producer Grain Marketings, Saskatchewan	25
7. Labour Force, Canada, Prairies, Saskatchewan	14	42. Farm Price of Grains, Saskatchewan	26
8. Average Hourly Earnings, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba, Canada	15	43. Exports of Wheat and Flour, Canada	26
9. Average Weekly Hours, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba, Canada	15	44. Livestock Marketings by Crop Districts, Saskatchewan	26
10. Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, Canada, Prairies, Saskatchewan	16	45. Livestock Marketings, Saskatchewan	27
BUSINESS INDICATORS			
11. Retail Trade, Canada, Prairies, Saskatchewan	16	46. Livestock Population, Saskatchewan	27
12. Retail Trade by Kind of Business, Saskatchewan	16	47. Index of Agricultural Production, Canada, Prairies	27
13. New Motor Vehicle Sales, Saskatchewan	17	48. Average Annual Precipitation by Crop District, Saskatchewan	27
14. Selected Price Indicators, Canada	17	TRAVEL STATISTICS	
15. Consumer Price Indexes, Canada, Prairies	17	49. Saskatchewan Receipts from Out of Province	28
16. Indexes of Farm Prices and Farm Costs	17	50. Air Traffic — Inbound and Outbound Passengers, Regina, Saskatoon	28
17. Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, Prairies, Saskatchewan	18	51. Visitations at Provincial Parks and Recreation Areas, Saskatchewan	28
18. Life Insurance Sales, Canada, Saskatchewan	18	52. Tourist Enquiries, Saskatchewan	28
GENERAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS			
19. Personal Income, Canada, Saskatchewan	18	MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS	
20. Net Value of Commodity Production by Industry, Saskatchewan	19	53. Provincial Highways by Surface Types, Saskatchewan	29
21. Private and Public Investment by Industry, Saskatchewan	19	54. Electric Energy Statistics, Saskatchewan	29
NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES			
22. Construction Industry, Saskatchewan	20	55. Motor Vehicle Registrations, Saskatchewan	29
23. Construction by Type of Structure, Saskatchewan	20	56. Taxpayers by Income Classes, Saskatchewan	29
24. New Dwelling Starts and Completions, Canada, Prairies, Saskatchewan	20	57. Income Tax Statistics by Occupation, Saskatchewan, Canada	30
25. New Dwelling Units Started by Type, Saskatchewan	20	58. Sources of Income, Principal Cities, Saskatchewan	30
26. Manufacturing Industry, Saskatchewan	21	59. Percentage Distribution of Population by Place of Residence	31
27. Manufacturing by Industry Group, Saskatchewan	21	60. Saskatchewan Population 65 and Over	31
28. Crude Oil Statistics, Saskatchewan	21	61. Saskatchewan Population 65 and Over by Place of Residence	31
29. Principal Markets for Saskatchewan Crude Oil	21	62. Saskatchewan Percentage Population 65 and Over	31
30. Mining Investment, Saskatchewan	22	MAPS	
31. Mineral Production by Kind, Saskatchewan	22	Saskatchewan by Crop Districts	32
32. Value of Potash Exports, Canada	22	Saskatchewan Census Divisions	33
33. Value of Forest Products, Saskatchewan	22	ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS OF SASKATCHEWAN	
AGRICULTURE			
34. Number and Size of Farms, Saskatchewan	23	1. Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product — Income and Outlay Accounts	38, 39
35. Farm Capital in Saskatchewan	23	2. Personal Sector — Income and Outlay Accounts	40, 41
		3. Personal Income Relationships	40, 41
		4. Saskatchewan Exports	42, 43
		5. Saskatchewan Imports	42
		6. Comparisons of Gross Domestic Products, Saskatchewan, Canada	43

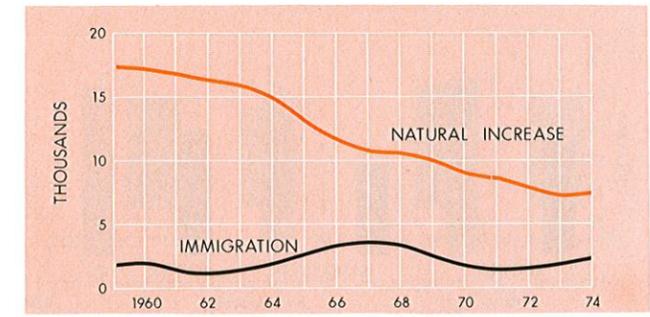
Table 1: POPULATION, Canada, and Saskatchewan by Sex



As at June 1	Saskatchewan			
	Canada	Total	Male	Female
1901	5,371,315	91,279	49,431	41,848
1911	7,206,643	492,432	291,730	200,702
1921	8,787,949	757,510	413,700	343,810
1931	10,376,786	921,785	499,935	421,850
1941	11,506,655	895,992	477,563	418,429
1951	14,009,429	831,728	434,568	397,160
1956	16,080,791	880,665	458,428	422,237
1961	18,238,247	925,181	479,564	445,617
1966	20,014,880	955,344	489,040	466,304
1969*	21,001,000	958,000	488,600	469,400
1970*	21,297,000	941,000	479,300	461,700
1971	21,568,311	926,242	470,724	455,518
1972*	21,830,500	916,300	464,900	451,400
1973*	22,094,700	908,100	460,200	447,900
1974*	22,446,300	907,000	459,200	447,800

*Statistics Canada intercensal estimates.
Source: Statistics Canada, *Census of Canada; 91-512, Population 1921-1971, Revised Annual Estimates of Population; 91-202, Estimated Population by Sex and Age Group, for Canada and the Provinces.*

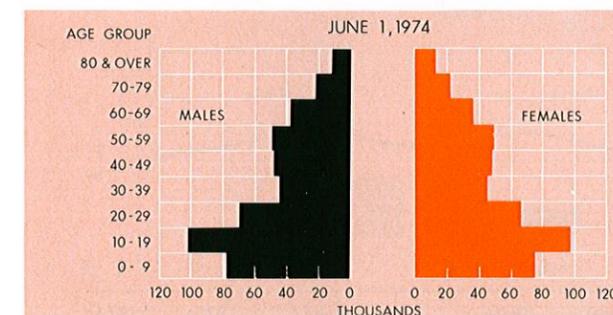
Table 2: POPULATION, Saskatchewan Births, Deaths, Natural Increase and Immigration



Year	Live Births	Deaths	Natural Increase	Immigration
1960	24,088	6,868	17,220	2,087
1961	23,994	7,107	16,887	1,333
1962	23,341	7,004	16,337	1,163
1963	23,543	7,441	16,102	1,438
1964	22,682	7,373	15,309	1,795
1965	20,494	7,417	13,077	2,649
1966	19,037	7,427	11,610	3,440
1967	17,993	7,441	10,552	3,754
1968	18,197	7,498	10,699	3,557
1969	17,592	7,492	10,100	2,492
1970	16,443	7,472	8,971	1,709
1971	16,054	7,413	8,641	1,426
1972	15,473	7,590	7,883	1,511
1973	14,806	7,646	7,160	1,866
1974	15,213	7,765	7,448	2,244

Source: Statistics Canada 84-201, 84-204, 84-206, 84-001, *Vital Statistics, Canada Dept. of Manpower and Immigration, Immigration Statistics and Immigration.*

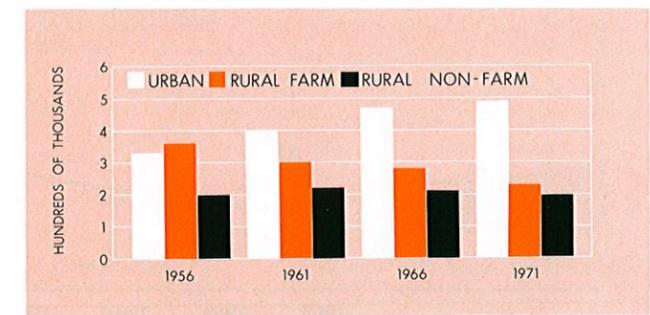
Table 3: POPULATION, Saskatchewan Distribution by Age Groups



Age Group	June 1, 1961		June 1, 1966		June 1, 1974	
	No. '000	%	No. '000	%	No. '000	%
0-9	220.6	23.8	217.6	22.8	152.4	16.8
10-19	167.1	18.1	191.7	20.1	197.7	21.8
20-29	112.1	12.1	114.6	12.0	135.0	14.9
30-39	117.3	12.7	107.3	11.2	88.8	9.8
40-49	109.5	11.8	109.0	11.4	95.1	10.5
50-59	82.0	8.9	92.0	9.6	96.7	10.7
60-69	59.1	6.4	61.6	6.4	74.7	8.2
70-79	43.2	4.7	43.1	4.5	43.0	4.7
80+	14.1	1.5	18.5	1.9	23.5	2.6
Total	925.2	100.0	955.3	100.0	907.0	100.0
0-14	314.9	34.0	320.9	33.6	251.5	27.7
15-64	524.7	56.7	545.5	57.1	555.6	61.3
65+	85.6	9.3	88.9	9.3	99.8	11.0

Source: Statistics Canada, *Census of Canada and 91-202, Estimated Population by Sex and Age Group, for Canada and Provinces.*

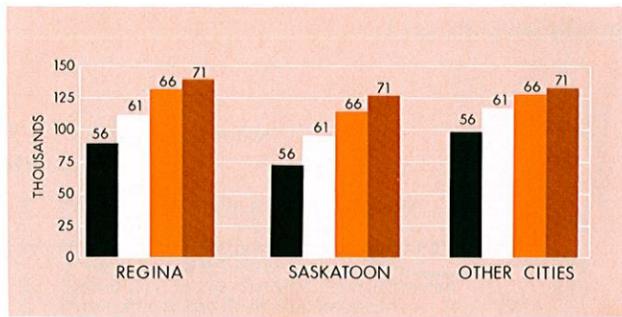
Table 4: POPULATION, Saskatchewan Urban, Rural and Farm



As at June 1	Rural				
	Total	Urban ¹	Total	Farm	Non-farm
1951	831,728	252,470	579,258	398,279	180,979
1956	880,665	322,003	558,662	360,651	198,011
1961	925,181	398,091	527,090	304,672	222,418
1966	955,344	468,327	487,017	279,642	207,375
1971	926,245	490,635	435,610	233,335	202,275
% Changes					
1951-56	+ 5.9	+27.5	- 3.6	- 9.4	+ 9.4
1956-61	+ 5.1	+23.6	- 5.7	-15.5	+12.3
1961-66	+ 3.3	+17.6	- 7.6	- 8.2	- 6.8
1966-71	- 3.0	+ 4.8	-10.6	-16.6	- 2.5

¹The census definition specifies that all centres with populations of 1,000 and over, whether incorporated or unincorporated, are classified as urban.
Source: Statistics Canada, *Census of Canada.*

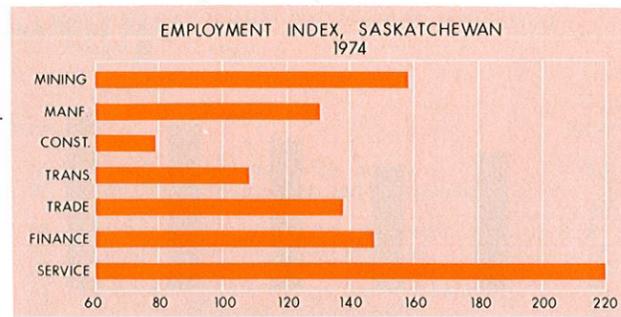
Table 5: CITY POPULATION, Saskatchewan



City	1956	1961	1966	1971	Percentage Change 1961-1971
Regina	89,755	112,141	131,127	139,469	+24.4
Saskatoon	72,858	95,526	115,892	126,449	+32.4
Moose Jaw	29,603	33,206	33,417	31,854	-4.1
Prince Albert	20,366	24,168	26,269	28,464	+17.8
Swift Current	10,612	12,186	14,485	15,415	+26.5
Total	260,841	323,195	373,153	395,072	+22.2

Source: Statistics Canada, Census of Canada.

Table 6: INDEX OF EMPLOYMENT¹, (1961 = 100), by Industries, Saskatchewan

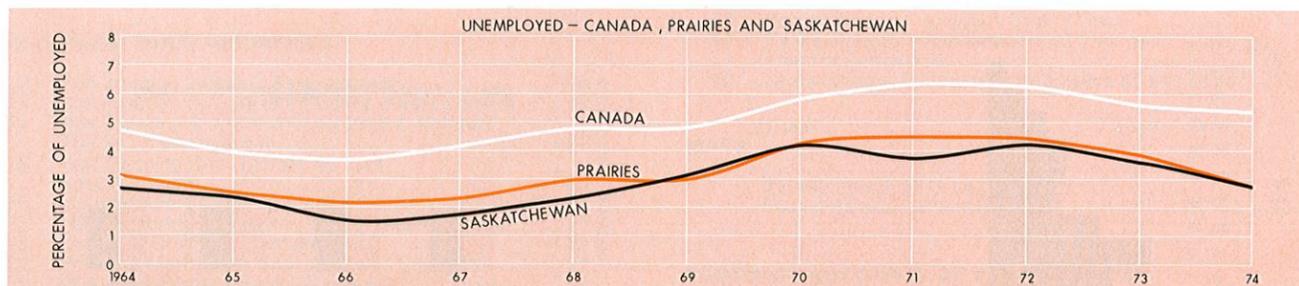


¹Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.

²Preliminary.

Source: Statistics Canada 72-201, Review of Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries; 72-002, Employment Earnings and Hours; Special tabulations.

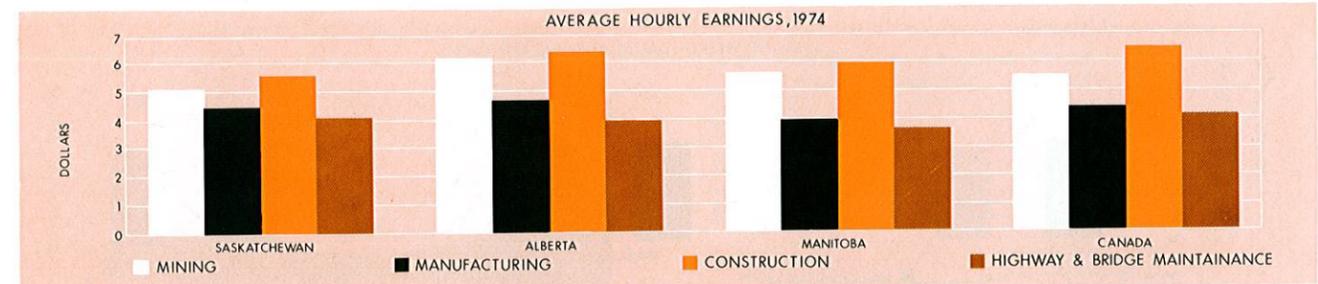
Table 7: LABOUR FORCE, ANNUAL AVERAGES, Canada, Prairies and Saskatchewan



	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
Labour Force										
Canada	7,141	7,420	7,694	7,919	8,162	8,374	8,631	8,891	9,279	9,662
Prairies	1,228	1,248	1,268	1,318	1,351	1,380	1,401	1,436	1,484	1,537
Saskatchewan	331	330	332	342	350	350	348	352	358	363
Unemployed										
Canada	280	267	315	382	382	495	552	562	520	525
Prairies	31	26	29	39	39	61	63	64	58	43
Saskatchewan	8	5	6	8	11	15	13	15	13	10
Unemployment										
Canada	3.9	3.6	4.1	4.8	4.7	5.9	6.4	6.3	5.6	5.4
Prairies	2.5	2.1	2.3	3.0	2.9	4.4	4.5	4.5	3.9	2.8
Saskatchewan	2.4	1.5	1.8	2.3	3.1	4.3	3.7	4.3	3.6	2.8
Participation Rate¹										
Canada	54.4	55.1	55.5	55.5	55.8	55.8	56.1	56.5	57.5	58.3
Prairies	55.5	55.7	55.8	56.8	56.9	57.1	57.0	57.5	58.4	59.2
Saskatchewan	52.7	51.8	51.7	52.6	53.3	53.2	53.4	54.1	54.9	55.3

¹The labour force as a percentage of the population 14 years of age and over. Source: Statistics Canada 71-001, The Labour Force. Statistics Canada, Special tabulations.

Table 8: ANNUAL AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS OF HOURLY-RATED WAGE-EARNERS¹, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Canada



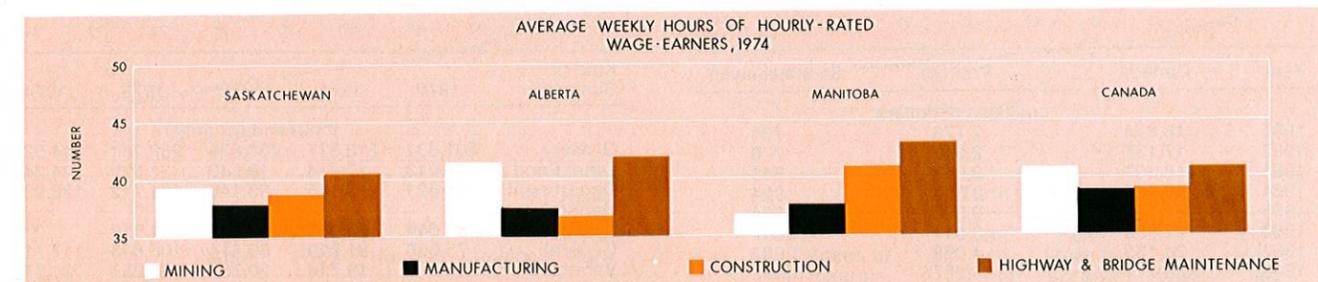
Industry	Saskatchewan				Alberta				Manitoba				Canada			
	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²
Mining including milling	3.96	4.26	4.57	5.12	4.30	4.77	5.34	6.15	4.40	4.59	4.96	5.61	4.04	4.34	4.82	5.50
Manufacturing	3.45	3.68	3.94	4.49	3.47	3.74	4.11	4.66	2.92	3.15	3.45	3.95	3.28	3.54	3.85	4.37
Durable goods	3.41	3.65	3.93	4.49	3.48	3.77	4.16	4.74	3.11	3.32	3.67	4.16	3.55	3.82	4.17	4.69
Non-durable goods	3.46	3.71	3.94	4.49	3.46	3.71	4.04	4.56	2.79	3.00	3.25	3.75	3.02	3.25	3.52	4.03
Food and beverages	3.40	3.67	3.91	4.43	3.48	3.73	4.06	4.55	3.20	3.47	3.78	4.24	2.95	3.21	3.50	4.03
Construction	3.82	3.91	4.41	5.53	4.79	5.05	5.59	6.32	3.94	4.39	4.95	5.97	4.75	5.15	5.66	6.43
Building	4.04	4.03	4.72	5.95	4.84	5.31	5.81	6.69	4.23	4.72	5.31	5.82	4.90	5.34	5.88	6.63
Engineering	3.42	3.70	3.93	4.90	4.70	4.65	5.22	5.72	3.39	3.72	4.36	6.12	4.44	4.83	5.32	6.05
Highway and bridge maintenance	2.93	3.23	3.53	4.07	3.09	3.50	3.63	3.97	2.77	2.73	3.14	3.61	2.94	3.13	3.62	4.06
Hotels, restaurants and taverns	1.71	1.95	2.14	2.53	2.02	2.15	2.26	2.55	1.86	2.02	2.19	2.53	1.95	2.08	2.30	2.65

¹Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.

²Preliminary.

Source: Statistics Canada 72-202, Review of Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings; Special tabulations.

Table 9: AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS OF HOURLY-RATED WAGE-EARNERS¹, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Canada



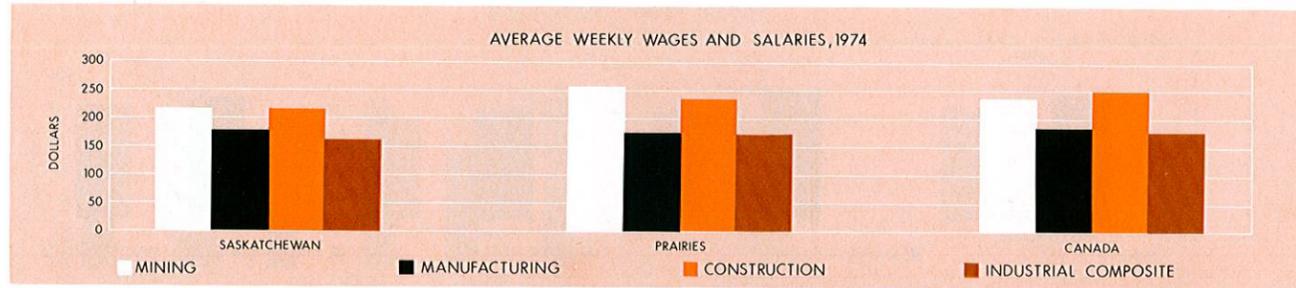
Industry	Saskatchewan				Alberta				Manitoba				Canada			
	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²
Mining including milling	39.6	40.0	39.7	39.4	40.1	40.7	42.4	41.4	38.1	38.9	38.1	36.8	40.4	40.3	40.9	40.7
Manufacturing	39.3	39.0	38.6	37.8	39.2	38.9	38.5	37.4	38.5	38.7	38.5	37.6	39.7	40.0	39.6	38.9
Durable goods	39.0	39.6	38.9	37.6	39.2	38.7	38.4	37.0	39.3	39.8	39.4	38.2	40.1	40.5	40.3	39.5
Non-durable goods	39.4	38.5	38.4	38.0	39.2	39.0	38.8	37.9	37.9	37.8	37.7	37.2	39.2	39.4	39.0	38.3
Food and beverages	39.3	37.7	37.9	37.8	38.8	38.1	37.8	37.2	38.8	38.5	38.9	38.5	39.0	39.0	38.7	38.0
Construction	39.3	41.3	39.7	38.7	38.8	38.1	37.2	36.7	40.1	40.5	39.8	40.9	39.2	40.1	39.5	39.1
Building	36.9	39.0	37.3	36.3	35.5	36.4	35.3	34.7	37.8	38.8	36.8	36.2	37.4	38.3	37.9	37.5
Engineering	44.4	45.7	44.0	43.2	41.9	41.1	40.7	40.4	45.0	44.4	45.6	46.4	43.1	43.9	42.7	42.3
Highway and bridge maintenance	40.6	39.8	39.9	40.6	42.7	42.1	42.4	41.9	41.7	43.3	42.2	43.1	36.7	35.8	*41.2	40.8
Hotels, restaurants and taverns	32.1	31.1	28.7	26.5	30.9	30.7	30.1	28.0	28.8	29.7	28.0	25.9	31.5	31.5	29.9	28.4

¹Covers only firms with 20 or more employees.

²Preliminary.

Source: Statistics Canada 72-202, Review of Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings; Special tabulations.

Table 10: AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES AND SALARIES¹, Canada, Prairies and Saskatchewan



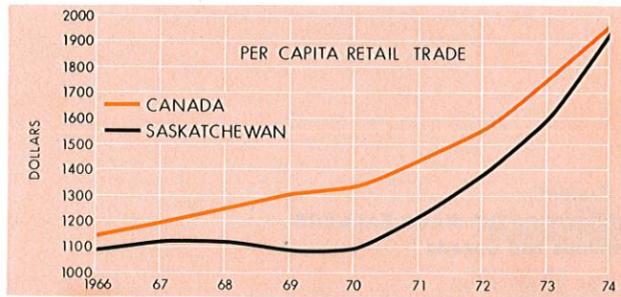
Industry	Canada				Prairies				Saskatchewan			
	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²	1971 ²	1972 ²	1973 ²	1974 ²
	dollars											
Mining including milling	177.00	190.29	211.42	238.97	189.54	206.13	225.96	252.28	166.75	182.93	195.24	216.33
Manufacturing	143.99	156.10	167.48	185.62	136.93	147.42	158.90	175.11	140.76	149.72	160.16	177.08
Construction	188.26	209.90	225.45	250.30	176.81	191.87	207.46	235.48	156.81	171.65	182.42	215.81
Transportation and other utilities	154.14	167.94	181.89	204.39	146.18	161.20	171.90	197.10	136.68	152.44	163.16	188.60
Trade	108.45	117.58	126.49	139.92	104.91	113.97	122.88	135.97	96.50	106.11	115.16	128.83
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	129.59	140.79	154.54	172.25	119.98	130.46	145.12	161.98	115.34	124.08	136.86	155.79
Service	98.57	107.32	114.53	126.11	86.67	95.44	101.45	110.54	70.48	78.72	84.40	93.77
Industrial Composite	137.64	149.22	160.46	178.08	130.81	142.31	152.57	170.48	121.71	133.18	142.28	160.93

¹Covers firms with 20 or more employees.

²Preliminary.

Source: Statistics Canada 72-201, *Review of Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries*; Special tabulations.

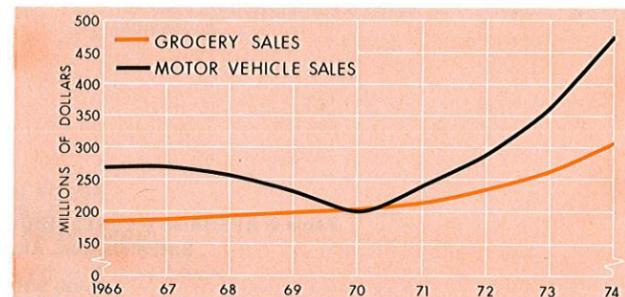
Table 11: RETAIL TRADE, Canada, Prairies and Saskatchewan



Year	Canada	Prairies	Saskatchewan
	millions of dollars		
1961	16,073	2,773	734
1962	17,137	2,945	776
1963	18,207	3,098	845
1964	19,493	3,305	924
1965	21,155	3,509	984
1966	22,686	3,811	1,047
1967	24,155	4,058	1,082
1968	25,711	4,267	1,082
1969	27,401	4,495	1,052
1970	28,034	4,519	1,018
1971	30,648	4,924	1,139
1972	33,930	5,525	1,275
1973	38,231	6,273	1,458
1974	43,819	7,410	1,765

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM.

Table 12: RETAIL TRADE BY KIND OF BUSINESS, Saskatchewan

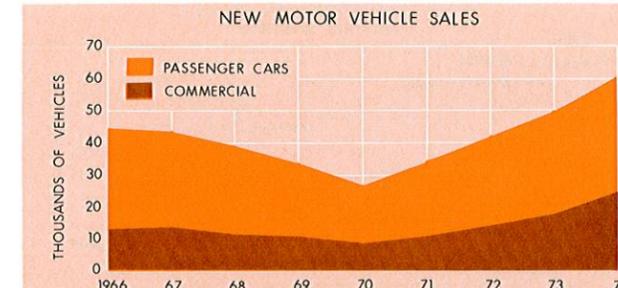


Kind of Business	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
	thousands of dollars				
Grocery	201,832	213,377	233,639	262,284	304,528
Other Food	17,013	17,234	19,540	21,829	24,240
Department General Merchandise	65,521	73,185	83,140	101,712	128,933
General Merchandise	60,649	68,960	74,307	84,519	(1)
General Variety	75,968	81,959	89,614	100,693	117,714
Motor Vehicle	18,710	19,714	20,787	21,287	24,879
Garages	197,107	241,562	289,341	358,972	473,435
Men's Clothing	109,447	116,471	124,539	131,651	151,907
Women's Clothing	10,939	12,575	13,652	14,717	16,801
Family Clothing	12,384	14,490	16,673	18,295	20,379
Shoe	18,318	20,578	22,903	24,703	28,009
Hardware	7,849	8,909	9,570	10,036	11,281
Furniture, Radio, T.V., Appliances	16,769	17,542	20,521	23,103	28,904
Fuel	21,365	25,420	27,428	30,643	35,040
Drug	10,943	11,015	11,889	13,111	(1)
Jewellery	33,427	34,627	35,856	38,463	44,346
Miscellaneous	5,870	6,521	7,206	8,556	10,383
Total	1,018,381	1,138,866	1,274,886	1,457,805	1,763,659

(1) Included in Total All Stores.

Source: Statistics Canada 63-005 and 63-519, *Retail Trade*.

Table 13: NEW MOTOR VEHICLE SALES, Saskatchewan

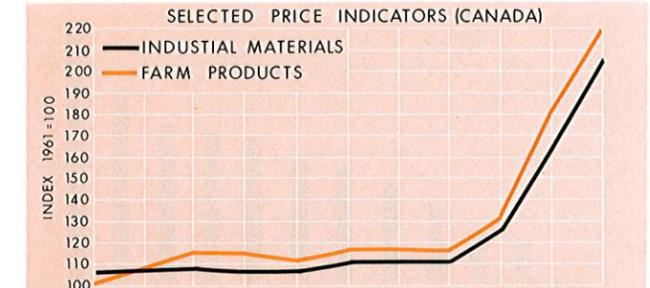


Year	Passenger Cars		Commercial Vehicles		Total Vehicles	
	Sales	Value	Sales	Value	Sales	Value
1964	29,519	\$4,399	9,607	\$3,006	39,126	\$125,005
1965	31,622	\$103,049	11,897	\$38,989	43,519	\$142,038
1966	31,374	\$105,727	13,137	\$48,539	44,511	\$154,266
1967	30,327	\$100,996	13,386	\$47,325	43,713	\$148,321
1968	28,408	\$97,654	11,511	\$42,025	39,919	\$139,679
1969	23,559	\$83,433	10,255	\$39,087	33,814	\$122,520
1970	18,187	\$63,661	8,395	\$33,640	26,582	\$97,301
1971	23,612	\$85,780	10,498	\$46,031	34,110	\$131,811
1972	28,157	\$107,414	13,916	\$65,306	42,073	\$172,720
1973	32,200	\$133,015	17,163	\$89,436	49,363	\$222,451
1974	36,279	\$160,666	24,572	\$130,789	60,851	\$291,455

Source: Statistics Canada 63-208, *New Motor Vehicle Sales*.

Note: Value for 1963-1966 is based on manufacturer's suggested list price and for 1967-1974 on actual cost to purchaser.

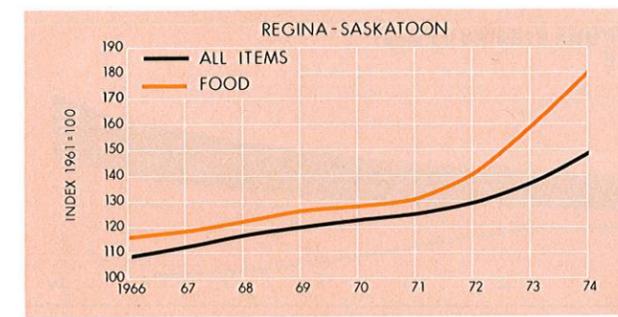
Table 14: SELECTED PRICE INDICATORS, Canada (1961 = 100)



Year	General Wholesale	Industrial Materials	Farm Products		
			Field	Animal	Total
1962	102.9	102.0	102.0	105.9	104.3
1963	104.8	102.2	103.4	99.0	102.8
1964	105.2	106.2	102.9	102.0	108.2
1965	107.3	107.4	109.7	107.1	110.5
1966	111.2	107.5	109.7	119.1	115.0
1967	113.2	104.1	105.6	120.5	114.3
1968	115.7	104.4	99.9	122.0	112.8
1969	121.0	110.1	95.6	132.6	117.2
1970	122.8	110.5	96.5	130.4	117.1
1971	124.3	109.7	95.6	130.4	115.9
1972	133.0	123.1	104.6	146.5	129.1
1973	161.6	160.7	175.6	186.5	181.9
1974	197.3	203.7	238.7	206.7	219.9

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM.

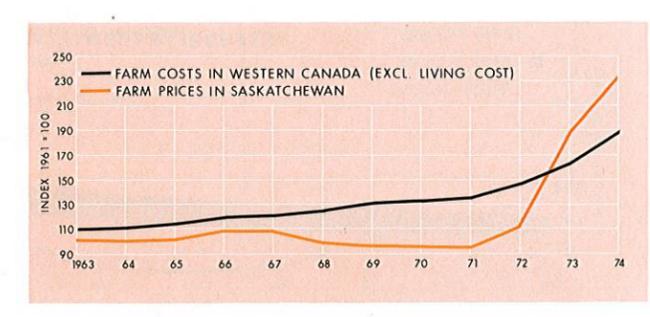
Table 15: CONSUMER PRICE INDEXES, Canada and Selected Cities (1961 = 100)



Year	All Items	Food	Housing	Clothing	Health and Personal Care
1971	133.4	131.4	136.8	128.7	142.4
1972	139.8	141.4	143.2	132.0	149.2
1973	150.4	162.0	152.4	138.6	156.4
1974	166.8	188.4	165.7	151.9	170.0
Regina-Saskatoon					
1971	123.4	129.4	114.9	130.2	129.7
1972	128.3	139.5	117.2	133.0	138.7
1973	135.8	157.1	120.9	139.8	142.2
1974	148.6	180.8	128.1	153.9	154.4
Edmonton-Calgary					
1971	128.2	133.0	120.4	128.8	148.2
1972	133.2	142.2	124.7	133.0	153.3
1973	141.8	161.3	127.9	139.6	159.2
1974	156.1	186.0	138.5	154.2	170.6
Winnipeg					
1971	128.6	129.3	117.8	136.7	151.4
1972	133.5	138.2	120.6	139.5	159.7
1973	142.0	158.0	125.0	146.9	169.0
1974	157.2	183.8	136.1	160.9	184.2

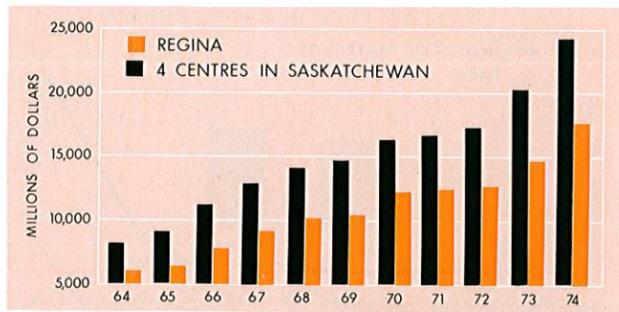
Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM.

Table 16: INDEXES OF FARM PRICES AND FARM COSTS (1961 = 100)



Year	Farm Costs, Western Canada					
	Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, Sask.	Total	Land and Farm Buildings	Farm Machinery and Motor Vehicles ¹	Hired Farm Labour	Other Materials and Services
1964	101.7	110.3	124.2	106.4	109.7	106.4
1965	101.6	114.1	136.7	107.7	117.0	106.8
1966	108.1	120.6	151.4	110.6	128.9	111.2
1967	106.9	121.6	137.9	114.1	140.2	116.0
1968	99.1	125.6	142.8	118.7	148.2	117.5
1969	96.3	130.2	153.0	121.2	155.7	120.6
1970	97.3</					

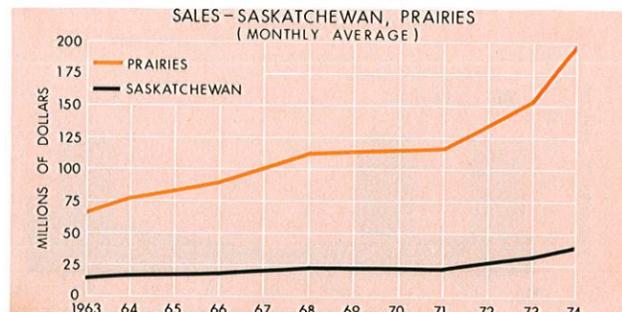
Table 17: CHEQUES CASHED IN CLEARING CENTRES, Prairies and Saskatchewan



Year	Moose Jaw	Prince Albert	Regina	Saskatoon	Total Sask.	Total Prairies
millions of dollars						
1962	422	253	5,327	1,266	7,268	48,302
1963	424	258	5,727	1,361	7,770	56,778
1964	442	275	5,926	1,551	8,194	61,044
1965	476	296	6,323	1,834	8,929	68,303
1966	568	323	7,887	2,389	11,167	75,583
1967	426	393	9,036	2,903	12,758	83,374
1968	431	451	10,114	3,068	14,066	90,157
1969	443	489	10,469	3,283	14,684	98,712
1970	419	490	12,309	3,085	16,303	107,909
1971	455	542	12,464	3,197	16,657	113,314
1972	506	648	12,647	3,361	17,162	124,970
1973	626	705	14,759	4,221	20,311	157,460
1974	738	835	17,748	4,939	24,260	214,663

Source: Statistics Canada 61-201 & 61-001, Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres.

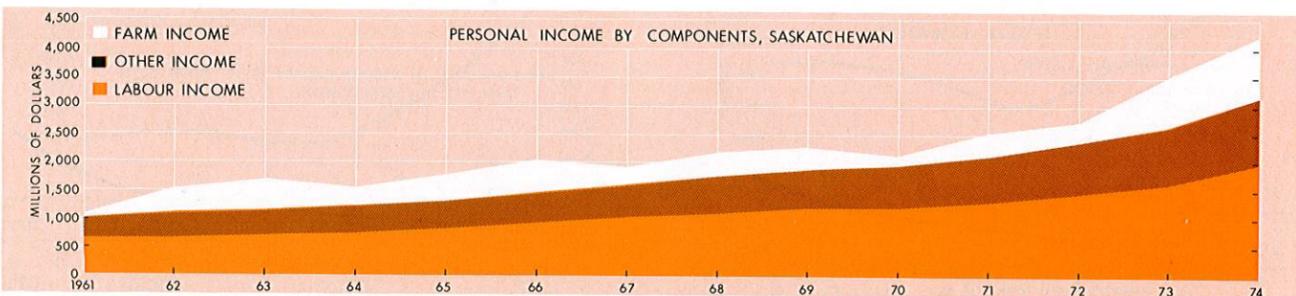
Table 18: LIFE INSURANCE SALES¹, Canada, Prairies, Saskatchewan



Year	Canada	Prairies	Saskatchewan
Monthly Average			
millions of dollars			
1962	423.4	59.4	12.0
1963	468.7	66.9	13.9
1964	521.6	75.8	15.6
1965	576.0	82.9	18.0
1966	620.8	89.1	19.5
1967	676.9	99.5	21.6
1968	739.4	111.0	23.9
1969	770.1	115.5	22.1
1970	779.9	116.8	21.0
1971	828.5	118.7	21.4
1972	934.1	134.6	28.1
1973	1,060.5	151.0	31.6
1974	1,334.9	195.4	38.8

¹New individual life insurance sales only. Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM.

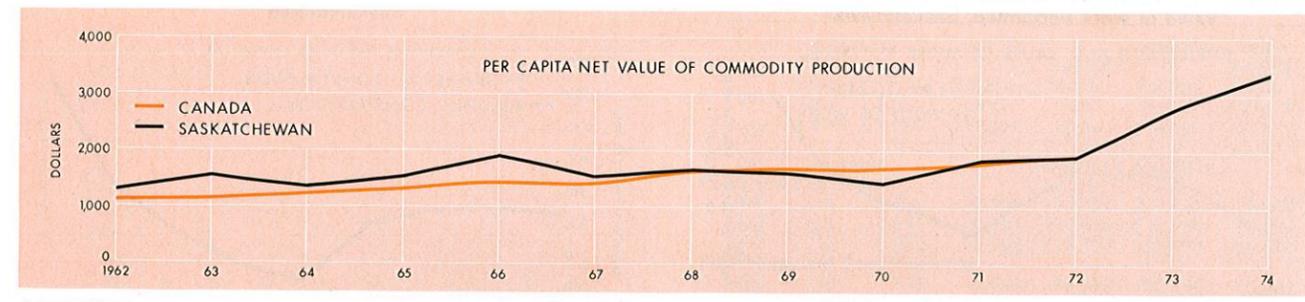
Table 19: PERSONAL INCOME, CANADA AND SASKATCHEWAN BY COMPONENTS¹



Year	Saskatchewan							Per Capita	
	Total	Wages and Salaries & Supp. Labour Income	Farm Income	Non-farm Un-incorporated Business	Interest Dividends & Misc. Investment Income	Government Transfer Payments	Other Components	Canada	Sask.
millions of dollars									
1959	28,108	1,200	627	137	61	153	17	1,608	1,323
1960	29,595	1,352	645	156	65	197	16	1,656	1,478
1961	30,104	1,084	655	135	70	147	18	1,651	1,172
1962	32,788	1,529	677	157	88	174	19	1,764	1,644
1963	34,829	1,686	709	177	99	147	19	1,840	1,807
1964	37,282	1,539	759	170	110	160	20	1,933	1,634
1965	41,071	1,789	844	182	120	168	22	2,091	1,883
1966	46,094	2,047	944	208	133	180	24	2,303	2,143
1967	50,579	1,932	1,049	188	147	192	26	2,482	2,019
1968	55,677	2,187	1,130	194	165	237	28	2,690	2,278
1969	61,804	2,269	1,203	204	183	261	30	2,943	2,368
1970	66,633	2,133	1,231	185	204	195	34	3,129	2,267
1971	73,876	2,540	1,327	218	198	326	33	3,425	2,743
1972	83,189	2,745	1,485	377	236	390	36	3,813	2,997
1973	95,487	3,516	1,639	466	272	446	39	4,322	3,872
1974*	111,469	4,227	1,981	527	341	527	39	4,966	4,660

¹Data are on a national accounts basis. *Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics estimates for figures relating to Saskatchewan. Source: Statistics Canada, Gross National Product Division.

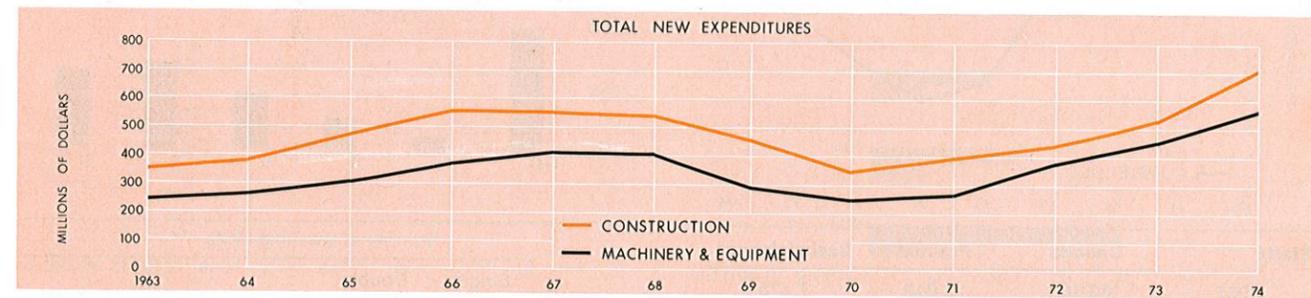
Table 20: NET VALUE OF COMMODITY PRODUCTION BY INDUSTRY, SASKATCHEWAN



	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973*	1974*
PER CAPITA NET VALUE OF COMMODITY PRODUCTION											
DOLLARS											
CANADA											
SASKATCHEWAN											
millions of dollars											
Agriculture	656	710	995	612	646	775	566	802	799	1,340	1,530
Non-agriculture	616	724	798	824	828	793	795	874	942	1,170	1,525
Mining	258	292	307	305	300	289	323	348	356 ^P	430	680
Electric Power	46	49	52	55	59	67	71	75	78	80	85
Manufacturing	128	139	155	166	170	187	192	210	244 ^P	320	380
Construction	180	241	280	292	291	240	198	231	253	325	365
Other Natural Resources	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	10	11	15	15
Total Net Value	1,273	1,434	1,793	1,437	1,474	1,568	1,361	1,676	1,741^P	2,510	3,055
Percentage Analysis											
Agriculture	51.6	49.5	55.5	42.6	43.8	49.4	41.6	47.9	45.9	53.4	50.1
Non-agriculture	48.4	50.5	44.5	57.4	56.2	50.6	58.4	52.1	54.1	46.6	49.9

*Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics estimate, with the exception of manufacturing, 1973. ^PPreliminary. Source: Statistics Canada 61-202, Survey of Production.

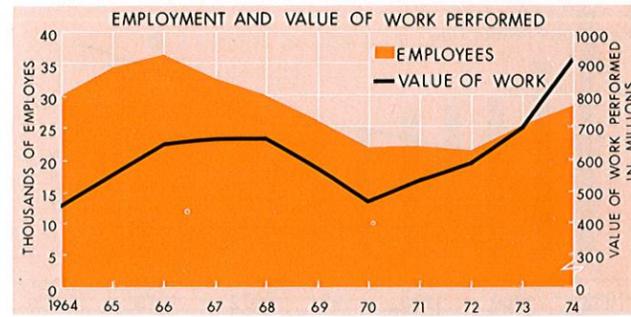
Table 21: PRIVATE AND PUBLIC INVESTMENT BY INDUSTRY, Saskatchewan



	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974*
TOTAL NEW EXPENDITURES											
MILLIONS OF DOLLARS											
CONSTRUCTION											
MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT											
millions of dollars											
New Construction	381.5	471.6	550.1	551.2	541.2	458.6	345.5	394.6	439.0	523.9	705.7
Primary Industries	95.2	146.0	183.0	168.0	149.5	113.1	77.3	76.4	78.2	94.0	150.8
Manufacturing	4.7	6.0	10.2	17.3	6.8	4.5	5.0	8.4	6.8	12.1	19.8
Utilities	77.3	68.0	81.0	98.7	112.9	88.1	67.6	90.9	109.9	104.7	89.2
Housing	88.4	105.7	101.8	104.1	113.2	102.1	51.6	59.7	93.2	144.1	215.5
Trade, Finance, Services	17.2	22.6	29.2	25.5	25.1	29.7	21.4	16.9	21.5	35.7	36.5
Instit., Government	98.7	123.3	144.9	137.6	133.7	121.1	122.6	142.3	129.4	133.3	193.9
New Machinery & Equipment	267.2	300.9	378.1	413.0	402.2	296.1	257.2	270.0	385.5	455.1	564.0
Primary Industries	195.1	216.0	265.3	263.8	265.4	182.5	130.3	152.7	211.8	289.9	371.2
Manufacturing	10.7	11.0	22.1	44.8	27.6	10.5	12.0	17.9	16.5	22.0	28.2
Utilities	30.3	34.5	43.8	59.1	50.9	58.3	66.3	52.2	64.1	65.4	75.5
Trade, Finance, Services	18.5	24.5	31.0	24.5	36.8	26.7	28.6	28.8	68.2	51.8	55.8
Instit., Government	12.6	14.9	15.9	20.8	21.5	18.1	20.0	18.4	24.9	26.0	33.3
Total New Capital Exp.	648.7	772.5	928.2	964.2	943.4	754.7	602.7	664.6	824.5	979.0	1,269.7
Repair Exp. on Constr.	95.2	93.4	108.4	117.5	127.3	130.7	129.9	140.2	153.9	175.9	212.5
Repair Exp. on Machinery	100.5	105.7	117.1	118.9	123.1	126.6	131.6	158.6	174.8	200.0	225.3
Total New and Repair Exp.	844.4	971.6	1,153.7	1,200.6	1,193.8	1,012.0	864.2	963.4	1,153.2	1,354.9	1,707.5

*Preliminary actual. Source: Statistics Canada 61-205, Private and Public Investment in Canada.

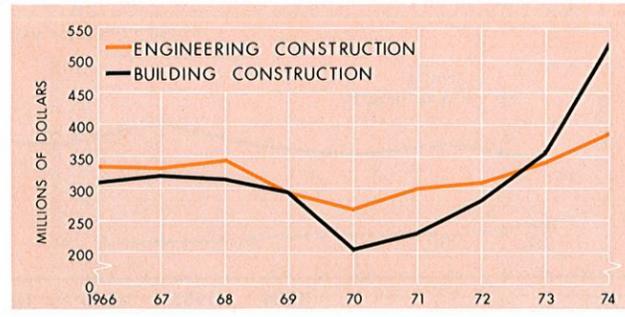
Table 22: CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY; Employment and Value of Work Performed, Saskatchewan



Year	Employees	Salaries and Wages	Net Value of Production	Value of Work Performed
thousands of dollars				
1962	30,080	140,254	216,737	416,984
1963	30,997	144,766	231,384	444,621
1964	30,210	146,402	240,248	476,900
1965	34,880	182,669	306,156	564,983
1966	36,355	204,466	360,899	658,701
1967	32,971	213,846	378,252	668,638
1968	30,482	223,027	367,550	668,659
1969	26,288	193,574	322,368	589,994
1970	21,778	171,499	278,577	475,663
1971	22,166	190,623	314,034	535,154
1972	21,888	205,537	343,831	593,380
1973	25,237	251,849	416,972	699,919
1974*	28,493	333,259	545,241	918,409

*Preliminary actual.
Source: Statistics Canada 64-201, *Construction in Canada*.

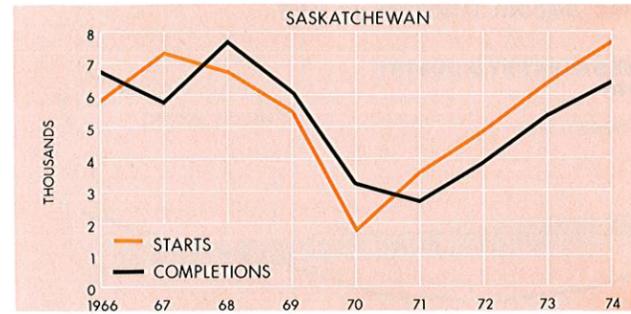
Table 23: VALUE OF CONSTRUCTION WORK PERFORMED BY TYPE OF STRUCTURE, Saskatchewan



Type of Structure	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974*
millions of dollars						
Total Construction	590	476	535	593	700	918
Building Construction	298	208	235	283	360	532
Residential	143	95	108	142	196	274
Industrial	20	16	14	12	19	27
Commercial	49	38	31	43	55	68
Institutional	46	30	47	39	25	48
Other Building	40	28	36	47	65	115
Engineering Constr.	292	268	300	310	340	386
Road, Highway	74	83	88	84	103	111
Waterworks, Sewage	20	18	23	22	23	43
Dams, Irrigation	6	7	7	8	11	16
Electric Power	29	16	18	18	20	33
Railway, Telephone	28	29	32	34	39	60
Gas and Oil Facilities	64	90	108	120	113	77
Other Engineering	71	26	25	24	30	46

*Preliminary actual.
Source: Statistics Canada 64-201, *Construction in Canada*.

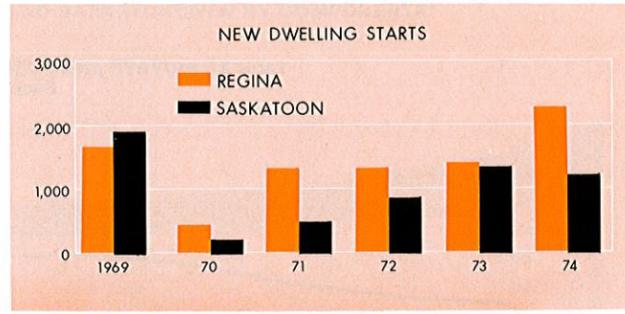
Table 24: NEW DWELLING UNITS: STARTS AND COMPLETIONS, Canada, Prairies, Saskatchewan



	Canada	Prairies	Saskatchewan
Number of Dwelling Units			
Starts			
1965	166,565	25,019	7,475
1966	134,474	20,439	5,807
1967	164,123	25,804	7,293
1968	196,878	32,792	6,725
1969	210,415	39,956	5,450
1970	190,528	26,939	1,743
1971	233,653	39,867	3,560
1972	249,914	39,416	4,845
1973	268,529	38,894	6,386
1974	222,123	35,444	7,684
Completions			
1965	153,037	24,766	7,218
1966	162,192	22,963	6,830
1967	149,242	22,720	5,873
1968	170,993	29,008	7,712
1969	195,826	33,177	6,103
1970	175,827	31,412	3,265
1971	201,232	33,683	2,761
1972	232,227	36,226	3,967
1973	246,581	39,618	5,421
1974	257,243	40,221	6,487

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM.

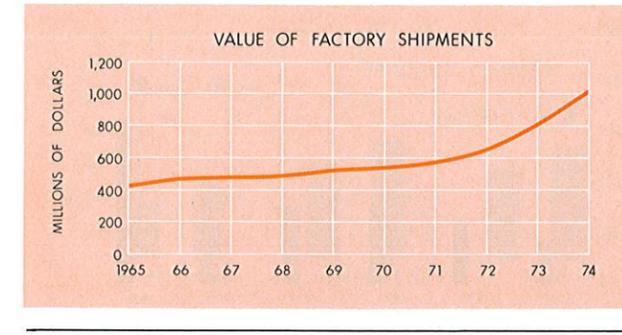
Table 25: NEW DWELLING UNITS STARTED, by Type, Saskatchewan



	Single Dwellings	Double Dwellings	Apartments	Row	Total
Saskatchewan					
1969	2,862	442	2,066	80	5,450
1970	1,552	63	116	12	1,743
1971	2,932	111	417	100	3,560
1972	3,945	88	700	112	4,845
1973	4,838	174	1,124	250	6,386
1974	6,390	298	868	128	7,684
Regina					
1969	648	186	791	64	1,689
1970	393	4	9	12	418
1971	879	32	367	29	1,307
1972	1,031	4	212	55	1,302
1973	883	6	315	162	1,366
1974	1,596	12	575	88	2,271
Saskatoon					
1969	640	154	1,125	16	1,935
1970	253	6	...	...	259
1971	498	...	...	...	498
1972	780	14	83	...	877
1973	1,057	16	269	...	1,342
1974	1,172	18	42	...	1,232

Source: Statistics Canada 64-002, *Housing Starts and Completions*.

Table 26: MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY, Saskatchewan



Year	Total Employees	Salaries and Wages	Value Added	Value of Factory Shipments
thousands of dollars				
1964	14,247	64,273	128,354	381,781
1965	14,960	69,840	138,692	421,452
1966	15,689	77,947	154,534	470,381
1967	15,611	83,558	165,986	479,582
1968	15,654	89,955	170,002	489,210
1969	15,267	95,082	186,891	530,443
1970	14,703	97,985	191,983	544,611
1971	14,578	103,147	209,965	578,039
1972	15,549	117,553	244,221	645,959
1973	16,584	135,896	319,976	809,648
1974*	17,500	160,000	380,000	1,013,500

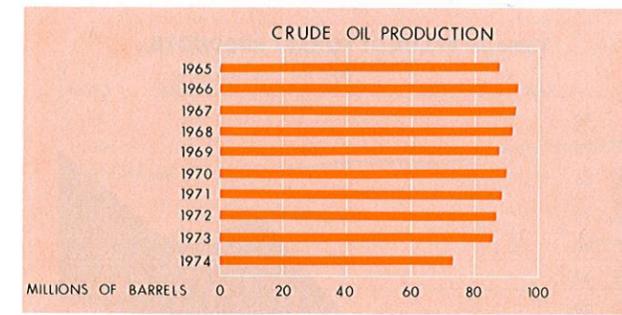
*Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics estimate.
Source: Statistics Canada 31-207, *Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Prairie Provinces, 1971*; Statistics Canada Special Tabulations.

Table 27: MANUFACTURING BY INDUSTRY GROUPS, Saskatchewan

	Establishments	Employees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Materials Used	Value of Factory Shipments	Value Added Manufacturing Activity	
thousands of dollars							
Food and Beverage							
1970	224	5,830	37,338	175,752	251,032	71,064	
1971	221	5,841	40,399	179,839	258,980	76,220	
1972	212	5,979	43,738	215,737	302,294	84,668	
Petroleum and Coal Products							
1970	10	713	6,448	75,249	102,703	25,531	
1971	11	583	5,843	67,970	92,333	21,122	
1972	9	447	4,647	55,112	75,019	18,079	
Non-Metallic Mineral Products							
1970	43	641	4,230	7,264	17,537	9,043	
1971	46	692	4,801	8,594	21,003	11,586	
1972	43	660	5,087	8,600	21,321	11,251	
Metal Fabricating							
1970	82	1,047	6,651	10,647	20,264	9,696	
1971	77	988	6,855	11,368	22,442	11,192	
1972	69	1,037	7,627	10,865	20,804	9,993	
Printing and Publishing							
1970	119	1,566	9,002	6,413	22,093	15,541	
1971	119	1,534	9,708	6,907	23,782	16,677	
1972	121	1,549	10,587	7,528	26,033	18,337	
Wood Industries							
1970	97	933	5,849	12,331	19,707	8,109	
1971	80	1,035	6,891	15,432	31,230	13,095	
1972	76	1,228	9,354	20,746	43,823	23,894	
Other Industries							
1970	162	3,973	28,467	54,365	111,275	52,999	
1971	169	3,905	28,650	66,603	128,269	60,073	
1972	179	4,649	36,513	71,902	156,665	77,999	
Total	1970	737	14,703	97,985	342,021	544,611	191,983
	1971	723	14,578	103,147	356,713	578,039	208,965
	1972	709	15,549	117,553	390,490	645,959	244,221

Source: Statistics Canada 31-207, *Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Prairie Provinces*.

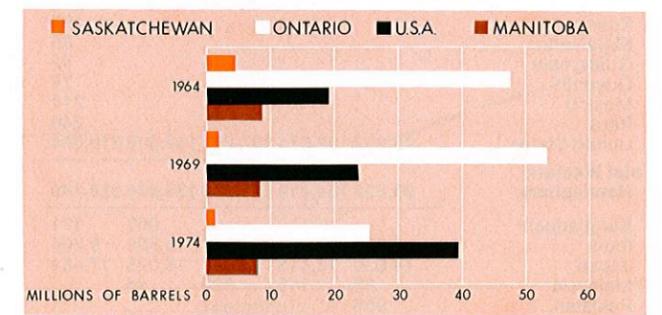
Table 28: CRUDE OIL STATISTICS, Saskatchewan



Year	Production of Crude Oil				Drilling ¹	
	Light Gravity	Medium Gravity	Heavy Gravity	Total	Wells Drilled	Footage Drilled
millions of barrels						
1960	23.7	26.2	1.9	51.9	600	2,331
1961	25.4	28.8	1.7	55.9	660	2,318
1962	28.1	34.6	1.7	64.4	640	2,298
1963	28.8	40.5	2.0	71.3	990	3,452
1964	33.9	44.9	2.6	81.4	1,279	4,458
1965	33.6	51.1	3.1	87.8	1,458	5,054
1966	33.7	55.2	4.3	93.2	1,272	4,577
1967	34.1	52.3	6.1	92.5	1,019	3,672
1968	33.6	50.7	7.6	91.9	960	3,387
1969	31.9	47.4	8.1	87.4	1,191	3,745
1970	31.3	49.2	9.0	89.5	945	2,511
1971	29.9	47.4	11.1	88.5	770	2,106
1972	28.8	45.7	12.1	86.6	655	1,865
1973	27.2	44.7	13.7	85.7	661	1,809
1974	25.0	35.3	13.5	73.8	286	722

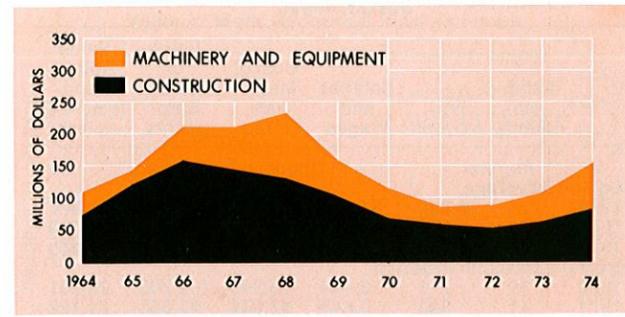
¹Includes all drilling.
Source: Saskatchewan Department of Mineral Resources, *Mineral Statistical Year Book*.

Table 29: PRINCIPAL MARKETS FOR SASKATCHEWAN CRUDE OIL



Year	Sask. Refineries	Ontario	United States	Mani-toba	Alberta	Total
millions of barrels						
1960	1.8	25.9	15.6	6.9	0.7	50.9
1961	2.1	30.2	14.8	8.5	0.6	56.2
1962	3.3	36.5	15.5	9.2	0.6	65.1
1963	3.6	41.0	15.7	10.0	1.0	71.3
1964	4.4	47.7	19.1	8.9	0.6	81.1
1965	4.4	50.8	24.2	7.9	0.6	87.9
1966	4.0	57.8	24.0	7.9	0.3	94.0
1967	3.7	57.1	23.6	8.1	...	92.5
1968	2.8	54.7	26.5	8.0	...	91.9
1969	2.0	53.3	23.8	8.3	...	87.4
1970	2.7	51.1	28.3	8.2	...	90.4
1971	1.6	43.5	34.0	8.9	...	88.0
1972	1.8	33.9	43.8	8.5	...	88.0
1973	1.5	29.6	46.3	7		

Table 30: MINING INVESTMENT, Saskatchewan



Year	Capital Expenditures		Repair Expenditures		Total
	Construction	Machinery & Equipment	Construction	Machinery & Equipment	
	millions of dollars				
1962	27.3	11.9	3.6	4.2	47.0
1963	42.5	25.4	4.8	5.4	78.1
1964	64.7	27.8	8.5	6.2	107.2
1965	114.9	12.1	5.8	9.4	142.2
1966	150.8	41.3	7.4	9.8	209.3
1967	134.8	50.4	10.1	13.9	209.2
1968	116.5	89.5	13.6	14.1	233.7
1969	82.4	40.2	19.1	14.4	156.1
1970	50.0	25.9	18.8	18.6	113.3
1971	40.8	6.9	18.7	20.2	86.6
1972	36.5	13.5	15.1	24.2	89.3
1973	42.8	15.9	19.4	27.9	106.0
1974*	60.2	34.5	21.2	35.0	150.9

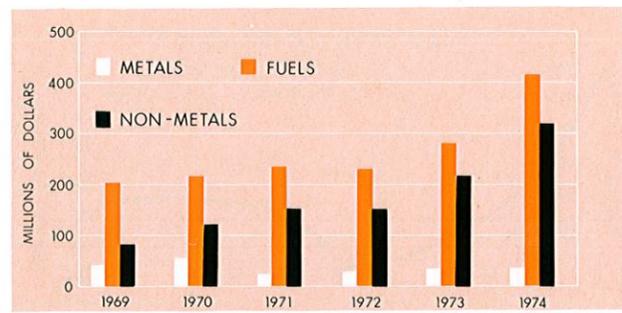
*Preliminary estimate.
Source: Statistics Canada, Special Tabulations.

Table 32: VALUE OF POTASH EXPORTS, Canada¹

Destination	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
	thousands of dollars				
Brazil	...	2,230	4,039	3,035	9,002
Chile	...	...	...	277	372
Columbia	...	106	...	...	620
Costa Rica	30	...	...	...	233
Cuba	...	...	...	...	715
Ecuador	...	...	...	...	497
El Salvador	...	...	...	...	65
Guatemala	...	...	...	...	42
Guyana	...	...	...	...	79
Mexico	...	...	...	...	214
Peru	...	...	...	...	246
United States	93,302	102,074	107,291	133,542	216,084
Total Western Hemisphere	93,332	104,410	111,330	136,854	228,169
Bangladesh ²	...	...	...	863	171
India	3,313	7,338	4,641	6,509	9,204
Japan	14,030	15,416	15,027	16,028	17,454
Malaysia	83	145	820	46	...
Pakistan	956	...	...	...	...
People's Republic of China	...	...	482	1,368	4,239
Philippines	420	1,680	747	778	735
Singapore	701	930	1,206	1,929	2,520
South Korea	1,411	2,130	3,388	5,600	5,503
Taiwan	232	785	995	903	2,570
Viet Nam	...	...	...	...	226
Total Asia	21,146	28,424	27,306	34,024	42,822
Australia	874	2,229	2,140	1,697	1,103
New Zealand	2,132	3,012	1,568	1,220	344
Total Australasia	3,006	5,241	3,708	2,917	1,447
Belgium-Luxemb.	...	1,659	4,741	8,096	1,918
France	...	...	...	687	920
Italy	382	436	370	1,160	321
Netherlands	3,219	2,263	...	...	...
South Africa	93	...	...	98	109
United Kingdom	127	29	28	68	164
Total Europe-Africa	3,821	4,387	5,139	10,109	3,432
Grand Total	121,305	142,463	147,483	183,906	275,673

¹All Canadian exports originate in Saskatchewan.
²Previously included in Pakistan.
Source: Statistics Canada 65-004, Exports by Commodities.

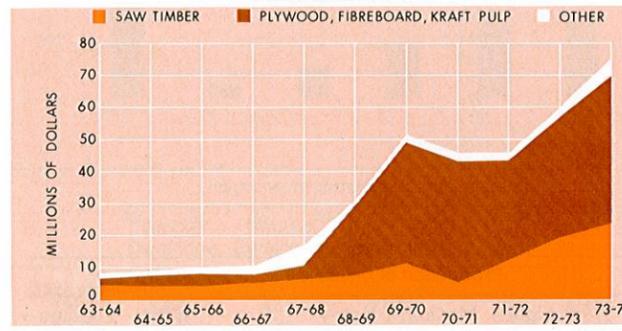
Table 31: MINERAL PRODUCTION BY KIND, Saskatchewan



	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974*
	millions of dollars					
Copper	18.8	22.6	11.8	12.8	13.0	12.9
Zinc	7.7	7.0	2.9	6.3	6.5	4.4
Uranium	12.8	10.7	8.4	9.3	9.8	14.5
Other Metals	4.9	3.3	1.4	2.7	4.3	4.5
Total Metals	44.2	43.6	24.5	31.2	33.7	36.3
Potash	73.7	116.0	146.0	146.2	194.6	312.5
Sodium Sulphate	8.3	6.7	6.1	5.6	6.5	14.1
Salt and Others	3.3	4.1	4.4	4.7	3.9	5.2
Total Non-Metals	85.3	126.7	156.5	156.6	205.1	331.9
Petroleum	195.5	200.7	218.7	213.8	263.7	396.7
Natural Gas	4.7	5.1	6.2	7.2	7.5	7.0
Coal and Others	6.4	10.0	9.0	9.4	11.7	12.3
Total Fuels	206.6	215.8	233.9	230.4	283.0	416.1
Cement	5.7	4.6	3.8	4.3	6.9	8.1
Clay Products	1.7	1.3	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.2
Sand and Gravel	3.4	4.3	6.5	4.4	5.2	6.6
Total Struct. Mat.	10.8	10.1	11.3	10.2	14.1	16.9
Grand Total	346.8	396.2	426.2	428.3	535.8	801.1

*Preliminary.
Source: Statistics Canada 26-202, Canada's Mineral Production: Preliminary Estimate 1973; 1963-1971 Revised Statistics of the Mineral Production by Provinces. Saskatchewan Department of Mineral Resources, Special tabulations.

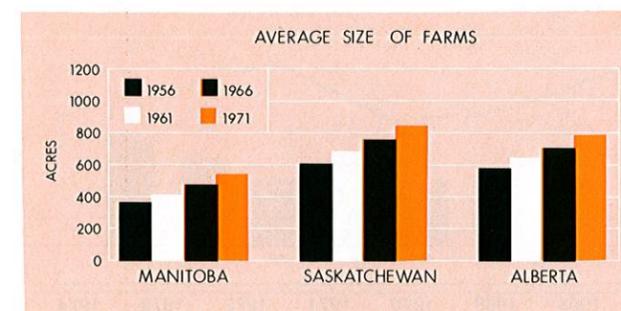
Table 33: VALUE OF FOREST PRODUCTS, Saskatchewan



Year	Plywood, Fibreboard, Kraft					Other Products	Total
	Saw Timber	Posts, Poles	Pulp-wood	Fibre-board, Kraft	Other		
	thousands of dollars						
1962-63	4,869	714	314	1,983	341	8,221	
1963-64	4,351	897	497	2,334	266	8,345	
1964-65	4,144	1,059	529	3,541	274	9,546	
1965-66	4,340	1,788	450	3,913	308	10,798	
1966-67	5,361	1,993	400	2,839	448	11,042	
1967-68	6,623	1,398	4,600	3,616	583	16,819	
1968-69	7,909	644	425	21,925	290	31,193	
1969-70	11,068	1,478	410	37,646	265	50,867	
1970-71	5,412	1,490	269	37,617	548	45,336	
1971-72	12,228	1,881	241	30,793	326	45,469	
1972-73	19,593	2,024	168	37,375	465	59,825	
1973-74	23,780	4,096	207	45,796	1,104	74,983	

Source: Saskatchewan Department of Natural Resources, Annual Report.

Table 34: NUMBER AND AVERAGE SIZE OF FARMS, Saskatchewan

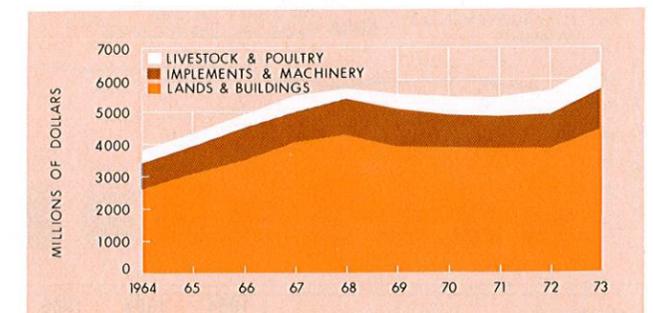


Size of Farms	Census-Farms		
	1961	1966	1971
Under 3 acres	128	197	131
3—9 acres	262	315	301
10—69 acres	829	868	886
70—239 acres	10,860	8,858	7,213
240—399 acres	20,977	16,226	12,411
400—559 acres	17,665	14,553	11,780
560—759 acres	15,676	14,488	12,638
760—1,119 acres	15,499	15,906	15,316
1,120—1,599 acres	7,445	8,446	9,261
1,600—2,239 acres	2,755	3,463	4,180
2,240—2,879 acres	826	1,090	1,316
2,880 acres and over	1,002	1,276	1,537
Total	93,924	85,686	76,970
Average Size (acres)	686	763	845

Source: Statistics Canada, Census of Canada.

Note: Census-farm — agricultural holding of 1 acre or more with sales of agricultural products during the previous 12 months of \$50 or more.

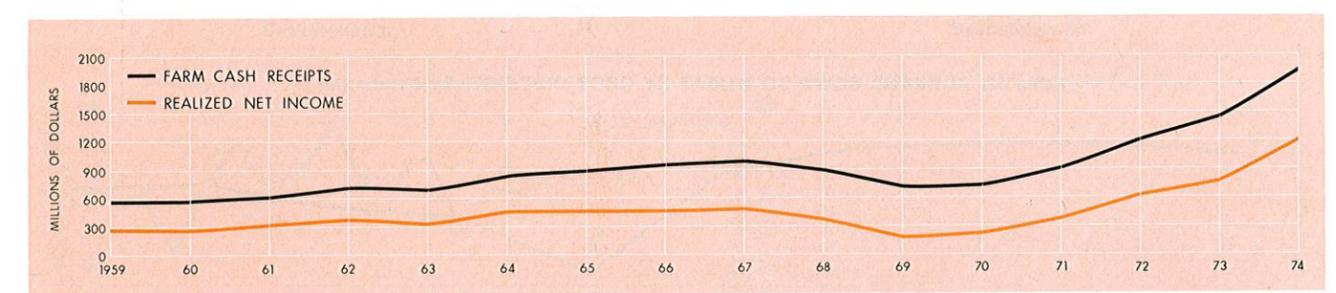
Table 35: CURRENT VALUES OF FARM CAPITAL, Saskatchewan



Year	millions of dollars			Total
	Livestock & Poultry ¹	Land & Buildings	Implements & Machinery	
1960	286.3	1,783.1	679.4	2,748.8
1961	321.7	1,856.5	686.8	2,865.1
1962	323.2	1,983.1	699.2	3,005.5
1963	345.6	2,277.5	746.6	3,369.7
1964	370.8	2,614.6	819.8	3,805.2
1965	351.6	3,078.3	913.7	4,343.6
1966	391.0	3,501.0	1,020.6	4,912.6
1967	404.4	4,035.9	1,067.8	5,508.1
1968	382.3	4,306.3	1,093.9	5,782.5
1969	481.8	3,956.1	1,089.1	5,527.0
1970	544.0	3,895.7	1,052.3	5,492.0
1971	570.9	3,868.1	1,026.5	5,465.5
1972	685.9	3,868.1	1,068.1	5,622.1
1973	883.6	4,483.1	1,121.9	6,488.6

¹Includes value of animals on fur farms.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-003, Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics.

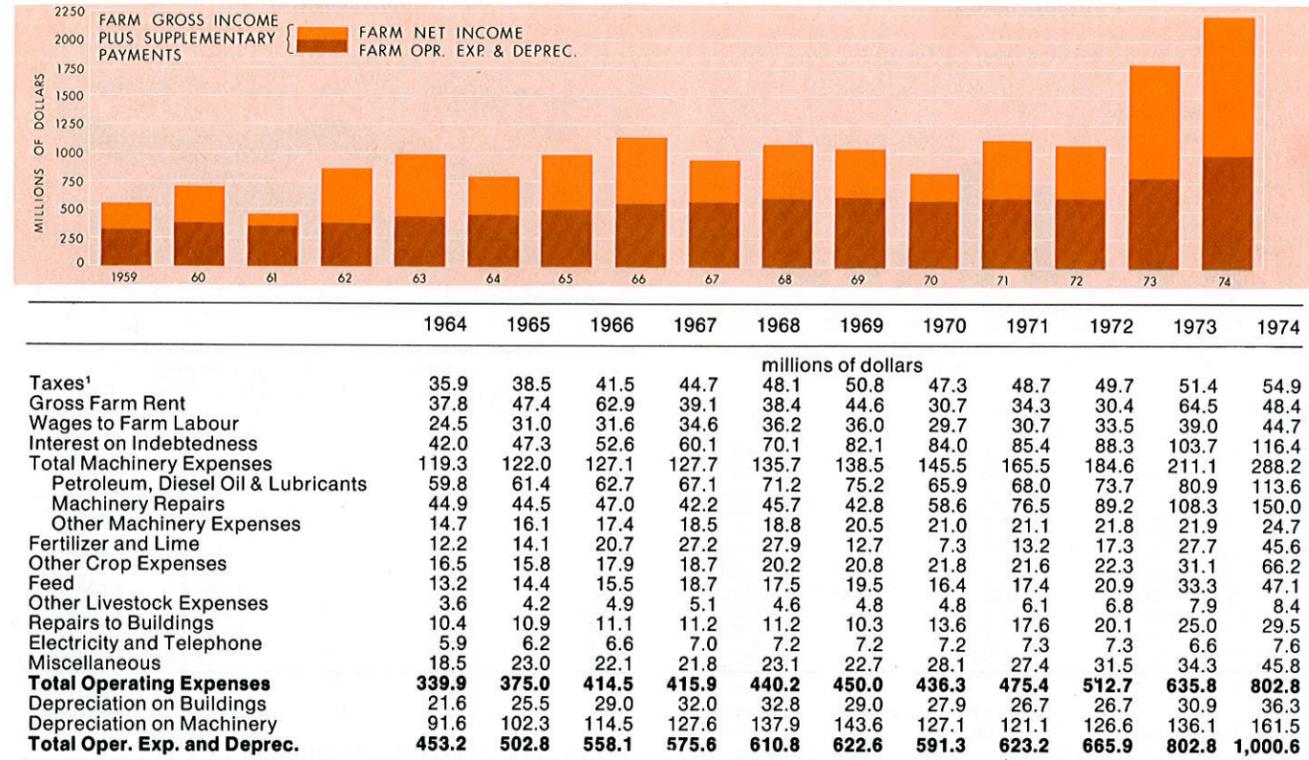
Table 36: CASH RECEIPTS AND NET INCOME OF FARM OPERATORS FROM FARMING OPERATIONS, Saskatchewan



Year	Wheat	Other Principal Grains ¹	Live-stock	Miscell-aneous	Total	Supple-mentary Payments	millions of dollars						
							Total Cash Receipts	Income in Kind	Operating & Depre-ciation Charges	Realized Net Income	Value of Inventory Change	Total Gross Income	Total Net Income
1959	307	72	126	51	555	13	568	50	344	274	— 44	575	230
1960	312	80	103	48	543	42	585	52	371	265	68	704	333
1961	365	40	135	49	589	24	613	52	356	309	—209	456	99
1962	432	61	133	47	673	37	710	53	392	371	95	858	466
1963	465	66	112	50	692	6	698	56	434	321	231	986	552
1964	606	62	127	47	842	2	844	60	453	451	—109	795	342
1965	599	77	162	48	887	7	894	68	503	459	24	986	483
1966	629	87	183	50	949	1	950	73	558	465	118	1,141	583
1967	642	87	198	49	976	2	978	77	576	480	—125	930	355
1968	553	88	196	57	893	5	899	78	611	365	97	1,073	462
1969	317	171	172	52	712	6	718	73	623	169	240	1,032	409
1970	353	88	190	55	686	37	723	91	591	222	14	827	236
1971	470	147	229	56	901	7	908	85	623	370	117	1,111	488
1972	616	202	291	63	1,172	31	1,204	88	666	626	—220	1,071	405
1973	824	162 ²	368	112	1,466	2	1,468	104	803	768	213	1,784	982
1974	1,321	253 ²	373	108	2,055	2	2,056	128	1,001	1,184	19	2,204	1,203

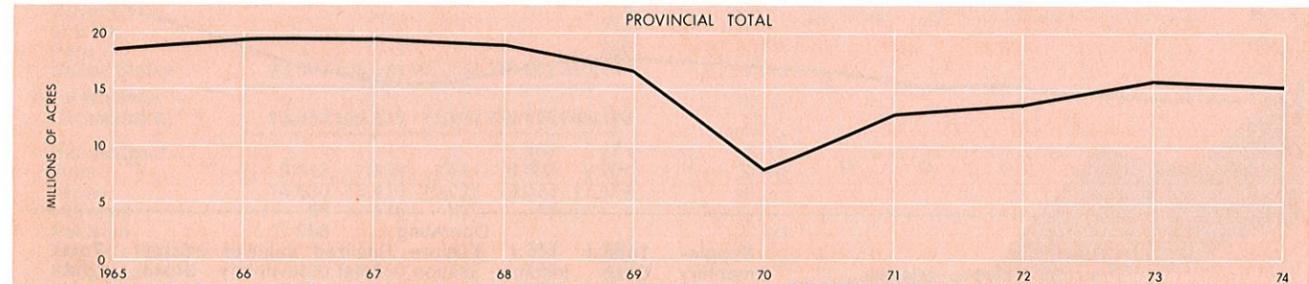
¹Includes net cash advance payments on farm-stored grain.

Table 37: FARM OPERATING EXPENSES AND DEPRECIATION CHARGES, Saskatchewan



¹Owned land and buildings only.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-202, *Farm Net Income*.

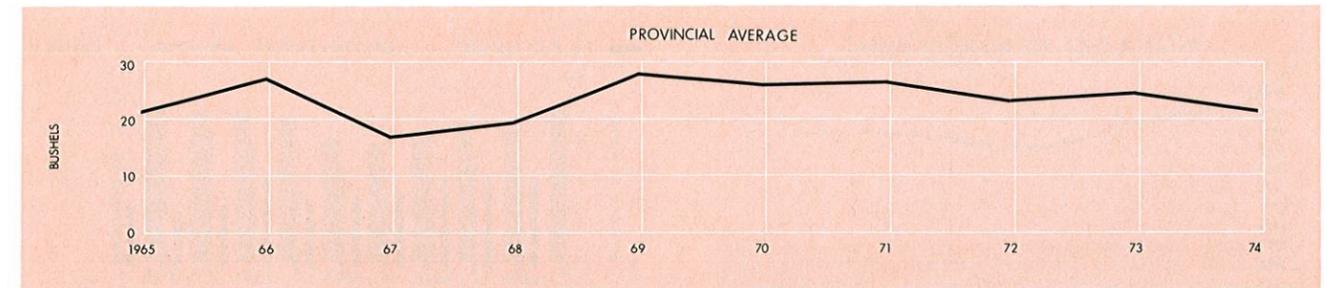
Table 38: ACREAGE SOWN TO WHEAT BY CROP DISTRICT, Saskatchewan



Crop District ¹	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1964-73 Average
thousands of acres												
1. South-East	1,477	1,434	1,530	1,577	1,534	1,354	550	1,158	1,051	1,256	1,139	1,292
2. Regina-Weyburn	2,006	1,916	2,128	2,130	2,086	1,882	787	1,574	1,559	1,781	1,755	1,785
3. South-Central	3,867	3,803	4,079	4,128	4,090	3,877	2,553	3,132	3,213	3,627	3,688	3,637
4. South-West	1,094	1,041	1,114	1,122	1,092	1,081	809	858	932	1,006	1,035	1,015
5. East-Central	2,370	2,272	2,412	2,457	2,437	2,083	752	1,611	1,644	1,933	1,751	1,997
6. Central	3,075	2,979	3,083	3,115	2,950	2,488	1,074	1,833	2,004	2,274	2,293	2,488
7. West-Central	2,164	2,129	2,141	2,197	1,996	1,640	681	1,280	1,522	1,769	1,741	1,752
8. North-East	1,538	1,406	1,448	1,475	1,417	1,079	391	732	934	1,067	980	1,149
9. North-West	1,609	1,520	1,470	1,469	1,398	1,116	403	745	1,041	1,087	1,018	1,186
Provincial Total	19,200	18,500	19,405	19,670	19,000	16,600	8,000	12,923	13,900	15,800	15,400	16,300

¹See map, Page 32.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-003, *Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics*.

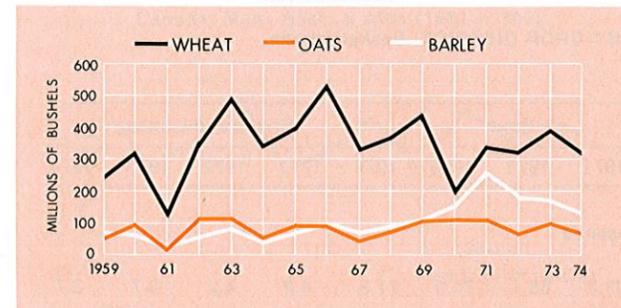
Table 39: AVERAGE WHEAT YIELDS BY CROP DISTRICT, Saskatchewan



Crop District ¹	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1964-73 Average
bushels per acre												
1. South-East	23.7	23.4	23.9	18.1	16.5	30.9	21.8	28.5	22.6	25.8	22.1	23.3
2. Regina-Weyburn	24.2	23.6	23.9	15.7	15.8	30.7	25.4	27.5	24.3	27.1	18.3	23.4
3. South-Central	15.2	20.7	24.5	12.9	15.5	27.4	25.7	22.0	22.5	20.6	19.0	20.2
4. South-West	14.7	19.3	27.7	12.4	19.2	19.9	24.6	19.7	20.9	17.4	21.4	19.3
5. East-Central	26.0	24.1	29.8	18.1	22.1	30.7	26.2	30.2	25.6	28.2	20.4	25.8
6. Central	14.0	21.1	28.5	16.3	21.8	27.2	26.8	29.3	22.2	24.2	21.0	22.4
7. West-Central	16.4	20.3	33.5	21.3	21.0	26.6	31.4	27.9	24.2	25.2	25.4	23.9
8. North-East	19.9	21.9	30.9	20.4	27.8	27.4	27.1	30.8	27.8	27.4	23.2	25.7
9. North-West	11.7	20.0	28.9	25.7	21.5	26.0	29.0	30.2	22.2	26.6	25.2	23.3
Provincial Average	18.1	21.6	27.7	17.2	19.6	27.8	26.2	26.7	23.5	24.4	21.2	22.8

¹See map, Page 32.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-003, *Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics* and Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture.

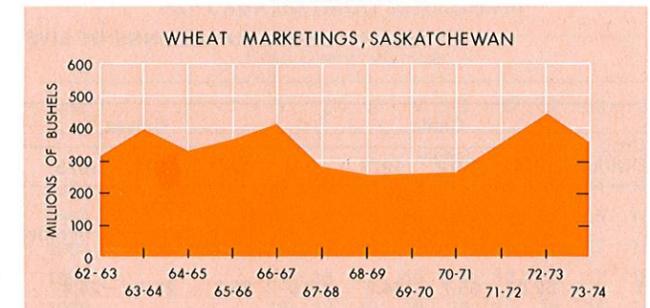
Table 40: PRODUCTION OF PRINCIPAL FIELD CROPS, Saskatchewan



	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flax	Rapeseed
millions of bushels						
1959	253	53	70	3.0	5.7	2.8
1960	327	95	68	4.5	10.4	8.0
1961	137	19	20	1.7	5.6	5.6
1962	354	110	48	5.2	4.1	2.6
1963	493	118	78	6.8	7.3	4.0
1964	348	54	34	4.5	4.5	5.3
1965	400	94	65	8.8	7.3	10.7
1966	537	93	96	9.0	6.0	12.7
1967	339	49	63	4.7	1.6	10.2
1968	372	74	80	6.5	4.6	10.0
1969	448	101	109	7.0	11.3	18.2
1970	210	107	142	9.0	25.7	39.5
1971	345	111	252	11.2	12.9	51.0
1972	326	79	177	5.0	9.0	24.8
1973	395	99	164	4.9	8.9	24.0
1974	326	75	128	6.9	4.7	24.0

Source: Statistics Canada 21-507, *Handbook of Agricultural Statistics, 1908-1963*.
Statistics Canada 21-003, *Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics*.

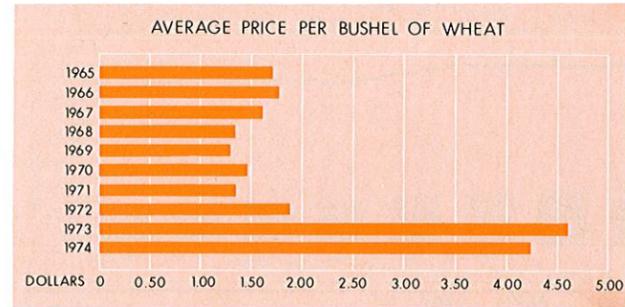
Table 41: PRODUCER GRAIN MARKETINGS, Saskatchewan



Crop Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley
thousands of bushels			
1960-61	259,376	14,060	36,678
1961-62	189,018	4,632	18,564
1962-63	312,897	31,115	29,415
1963-64	396,918	18,912	30,570
1964-65	326,069	14,069	22,052
1965-66	366,816	19,498	38,919
1966-67	411,384	13,452	36,597
1967-68	279,002	7,949	22,876
1968-69	252,107	9,493	19,647
1969-70	258,239	4,370	62,918
1970-71	260,077	26,578	91,447
1971-72	353,117	11,870	152,016
1972-73	445,744	8,661	99,642
1973-74	358,593	12,488	103,352

Source: Statistics Canada 22-201, *Grain Trade of Canada*; 22-005, *The Wheat Review*; 22-001, *Coarse Grains Review*.

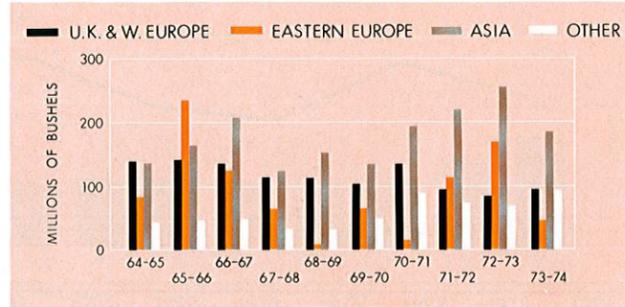
Table 42: ESTIMATED FARM PRICE OF PRINCIPAL GRAINS, Saskatchewan



Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Flax	Rye	Rapeseed
average price per bushel						
1961	\$1.75	\$.64	\$1.05	\$3.36	\$1.09	\$1.75
1962	1.67	.59	.92	3.09	1.07	2.05
1963	1.75	.55	.95	2.95	1.20	2.50
1964	1.60	.63	1.02	2.93	1.03	2.75
1965	1.70	.69	1.04	2.72	1.04	2.40
1966	1.77	.68	1.05	2.73	1.08	2.45
1967	1.62	.66	.85	3.06	1.06	1.94
1968	1.34	.49	.78	2.90	1.02	1.84
1969	1.29	.53	.67	2.57	.85	2.25
1970	1.45	.53	.79	2.19	.86	2.35
1971	1.35	.52	.66	2.20	.80	2.15
1972	1.88	.89	1.23	3.89	1.50	3.22
1973	4.60	1.61	2.52	9.16	2.55	5.69
1974 ¹	4.23	1.55	2.45	9.96	2.54	7.65

¹Sask. Bureau of Statistics preliminary estimate, including final payment.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-507, *Handbook of Agricultural Statistics*; 21-003, *Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics*; and special information.

Table 43: EXPORTS OF CANADIAN WHEAT AND WHEAT FLOUR BY DESTINATION



Year	United Kingdom	Other Western Europe	Eastern Europe	Asia	Other	Total
millions of bushels						
1961-62	86.0	81.7	22.4	137.4	30.5	358.0
1962-63	89.6	67.7	22.5	114.8	36.8	331.4
1963-64	90.8	81.0	270.7	107.5	44.5	594.5
1964-65	80.1	60.0	80.3	136.3	42.8	399.6
1965-66	78.5	62.9	234.8	163.9	44.8	584.9
1966-67	73.1	62.5	123.7	208.0	47.9	515.3
1967-68	65.0	51.8	63.5	122.7	33.1	336.0
1968-69	58.2	55.2	9.2	151.3	31.9	305.8
1969-70	54.7	51.8	55.4	136.4	48.2	346.5
1970-71	66.7	70.2	15.6	193.4	89.4	435.3
1971-72	48.9	46.3	114.6	220.3	73.6	503.8
1972-73	44.6	39.7	169.9	253.9	68.6	576.6
1973-74	46.0	50.2	44.7	186.3	92.1	419.4

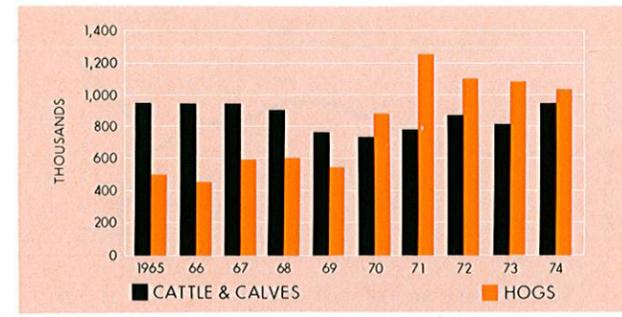
Source: Statistics Canada 22-201, *Grain Trade of Canada*.
Canadian Grain Commission, *Canadian Grain Exports 1973-74*.

Table 44: GROSS MARKETINGS OF LIVESTOCK BY CROP DISTRICT, Saskatchewan

Crop District ¹	Cattle				Calves				Hogs				Sheep and Lambs			
	1971	1972	1973	1974	1971	1972	1973	1974	1971	1972	1973	1974	1971	1972	1973	1974
numbers in thousands																
1	52.2	65.7	64.9	67.0	25.8	22.1	24.4	59.8	109.7	85.1	74.0	77.8	4.2	4.2	3.7	3.7
2	74.9	92.6	85.7	81.4	37.3	36.5	32.7	55.2	84.3	74.1	65.6	59.1	3.1	4.9	3.6	3.0
3A	17.9	20.5	20.9	26.8	13.1	14.9	11.3	32.7	37.4	39.9	36.9	34.6	1.2	1.1	1.7	2.4
3B	29.7	37.8	37.0	47.8	24.2	24.1	22.8	38.4	71.7	71.6	74.4	88.7	2.3	3.0	2.2	1.4
4	12.3	15.0	12.4	13.7	22.0	23.2	15.5	22.3	29.8	35.2	44.6	31.3	4.0	5.2	6.1	0.5
5	78.4	83.0	69.8	75.2	24.3	23.1	24.5	15.4	146.7	112.4	114.2	108.7	4.8	6.7	7.8	3.4
6	83.7	90.7	88.8	91.1	18.4	22.3	24.8	21.5	167.1	152.6	156.1	156.1	2.7	4.5	2.8	3.1
7	26.4	29.1	24.7	27.1	8.0	10.5	10.6	6.9	79.8	73.7	70.0	68.3	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3
8	51.5	50.2	51.5	43.0	10.6	10.5	10.8	7.5	340.1	296.1	294.7	273.4	1.5	1.7	2.3	1.5
9	127.5	145.1	127.2	129.3	45.2	56.7	55.3	86.3	188.4	162.8	155.3	136.3	4.5	7.9	6.1	6.1
Total	554.5	629.7	582.8	602.2	223.9	244.0	232.8	345.8	1,255.1	1,103.4	1,085.7	1034.3	28.8	39.7	36.7	25.6

See map, Page 32
Source: Canada Department of Agriculture, *Livestock Market Review*.

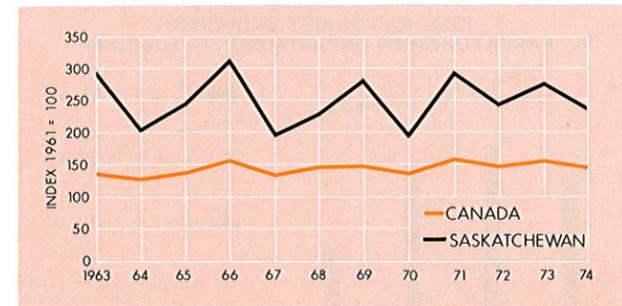
Table 45: LIVESTOCK MARKETINGS, Saskatchewan



Year	Sheep & Lambs			Cattle & Calves		
	Cattle	Calves	Lambs	Hogs	Cattle	Calves
numbers in thousands						
1961	583	199	67	586	107,248	1,088
1962	508	214	69	513	108,565	1,001
1963	468	168	59	369	92,353	848
1964	539	190	62	508	102,578	1,033
1965	705	251	53	505	134,334	1,003
1966	703	273	42	466	153,040	880
1967	669	306	43	598	165,921	805
1968	633	275	46	601	165,547	896
1969	543	222	31	554	134,781	937
1970	535	203	23	872	138,717	914
1971	555	229	29	1,255	176,750	926
1972	630	244	40	1,103	223,321	1,012
1973	583	233	37	1,086	268,768	1,214
1974	602	346	26	1,034	215,001	1,003

Source: Statistics Canada 21-201, *Farm Cash Receipts*. Canada Department of Agriculture, *Livestock Market Review*.

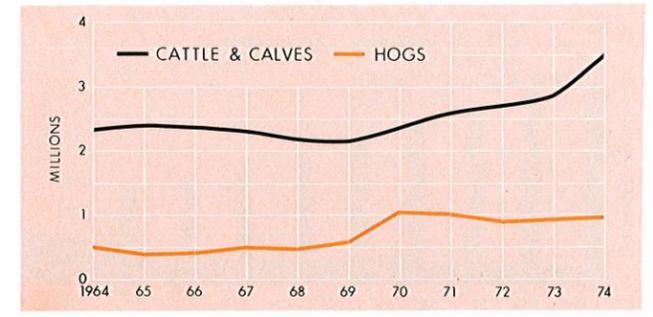
Table 47: INDEX OF PHYSICAL VOLUME OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, Canada, Man., Sask. & Alta. (1961 = 100)



Year	Canada ¹	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta
1963	139.9	151.6	291.2	128.2
1964	129.5	186.4	201.0	123.2
1965	137.1	192.4	242.7	132.7
1966	155.1	184.0	310.1	152.6
1967	134.7	192.2	199.7	128.0
1968	145.3	205.5	225.4	147.7
1969	149.8	182.0	279.7	144.2
1970	137.9	165.9	198.1	133.5
1971	157.2	226.9	288.2	141.4
1972	149.2	206.7	245.6	146.7
1973	154.1	221.2	273.2	150.9
1974	149.8	181.6	239.4	145.2

¹Excludes Newfoundland.
Source: Statistics Canada 21-203, *Index of Farm Production*.

Table 46: LIVESTOCK POPULATION, Saskatchewan



Year ¹	Milk Cows	Calves	Other Cattle	Total Cattle and Calves		Hogs	Sheep and Lambs
				Numbers	Value (\$'000)		
numbers in thousands							
1961	241	687	1,193	2,121	641	189	
1962	229	699	1,156	2,084	443	164	
1963	209	716	1,249	2,174	441	153	
1964	190	775	1,414	2,379	556	153	
1965	172	807	1,472	2,451	454	140	
1966	154	799	1,445	2,398	488	128	
1967	132	792	1,426	2,350	567	122	
1968	118	758	1,351	2,227	513	124	
1969	117	754	1,314	2,185	584	128	
1970	115	813	1,470	2,398	1,010	132	
1971	112	884	1,649	2,645	1,090	145	
1972	100	945	1,725	2,770	938	142	
1973	90	1,015	1,747	2,852	960	146	
1974	86	1,045	1,921	3,052	985	124	

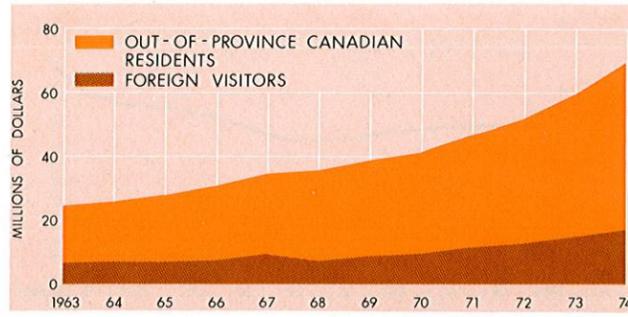
¹As at June 1.
Source: Statistics Canada 23-004 and 23-005, *Report on Livestock Surveys, 23-203, Livestock and Animal Products Statistics*.

Table 48: AVERAGE ANNUAL PRECIPITATION BY CROP DISTRICT, Saskatchewan

Year	Crop District Number									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
inches										
1961	10	8	9	9	9	9	10	11	12	
1962	18	14	15	13	17	14	15	15	14	
1963	21	18	15	12	17	16	16	17	17	
1964	18	15	13	15	16	12	15	17	16	
1965	19	18	19	19	20	16	15	19	17	
1966	14	13	14	15	16	15	14	20	15	
1967	13	13	14	14	13	13	11	13	13	
1968	14	12	10	11	13	13	14	16	15	
1969	20	16	17	14	17	16	14	15	16	
1970	21	19	16	16	20	15	15	19	18	
1971	18	12	10	12	17	14	14	19	16	
1972	17	14	15	14	13	11	12	14	15	
1973	19	18	13	11	20	16	13	23	22	
1974	17	18	17	16	20	17	15	18	17	
Sixty year average	17	15	14	14	16	14	13	16	15	

Source: Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture.

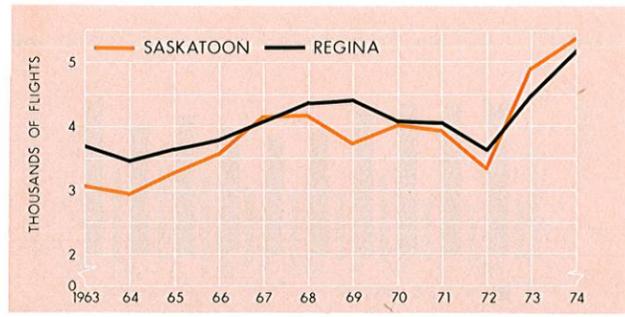
Table 49: SASKATCHEWAN RECEIPTS FROM OUT OF PROVINCE CANADIAN RESIDENTS AND FOREIGN VISITORS



Purchases of Goods and Services			
Year	Foreign Visitors ¹	Out of Province Canadian Visitors	Total Receipts
millions of dollars			
1963	6.1	18.2	24.3
1964	6.6	19.4	26.0
1965	6.7	21.3	28.0
1966	7.6	23.4	31.0
1967	9.2	25.4	34.6
1968	7.6	27.6	35.2
1969	8.3	30.0	38.3
1970	9.6	32.0	41.6
1971	11.2	35.2	46.4
1972	12.3	39.5	51.8
1973*	14.5	44.8	59.3
1974*	17.0	51.9	68.9

¹Includes residents of United States and overseas countries.
*Preliminary estimate of Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics.
Source: Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product.

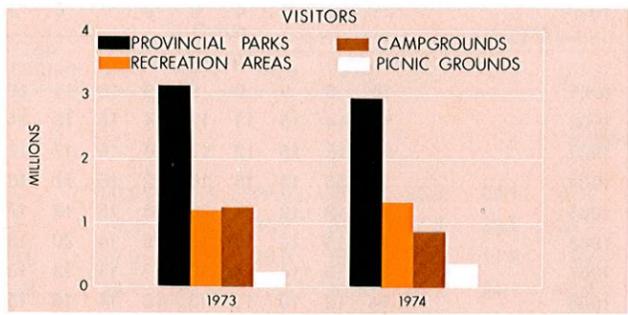
Table 50: AIR TRAFFIC — INBOUND AND OUTBOUND PASSENGERS



Year	Regina Airport			Saskatoon Airport		
	Number of flights	En-planned	De-planned	Number of flights	En-planned	De-planned
Number (000)						
1963	3,702	66.4	63.7	3,092	44.5	44.1
1964	3,452	67.4	63.3	2,965	42.3	40.8
1965	3,628	80.7	79.7	3,281	53.2	51.6
1966	3,795	92.4	91.8	3,579	61.7	60.4
1967	4,070	110.2	106.8	4,137	82.8	82.3
1968	4,397	117.2	115.3	4,188	92.1	87.8
1969	4,422	123.6	126.1	3,786	97.4	97.8
1970	4,072	136.8	132.4	4,001	110.1	109.7
1971	4,049	142.8	139.0	3,954	118.6	122.9
1972	3,644	157.5	155.8	3,357	130.0	124.3
1973	4,471	196.1	196.3	4,920	164.0	168.5
1974*	5,158	230.2	228.6	5,382	193.1	192.9

*Preliminary estimate.
Source: Statistics Canada 51-203, Airport Activity Statistics.

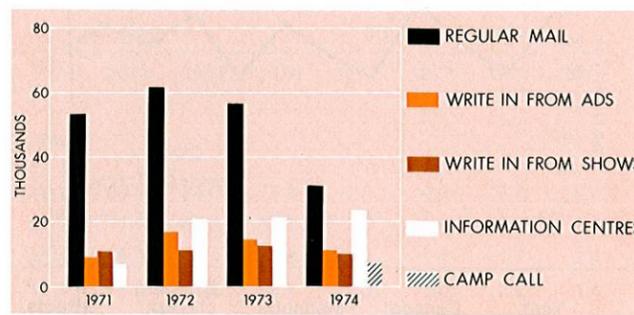
Table 51: VISITATIONS AT PROVINCIAL PARKS AND RECREATION AREAS



	Visitors		Entry Permits Issued		Camping Permits Issued		Revenue	
	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974
number in thousands								
Provincial Parks	3,140	2,982	130	139	80	84	465	514
Recreation Areas	1,239	1,342	7	7	16	16	37	53
Campgrounds	1,250	886	34	31	41	42	100	105
Picnic Grounds	239	372	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	5,868	5,582	170	177	137	142	603	673

Source: Saskatchewan Department of Tourism and Renewable Resources, 1974 Visitation Report.

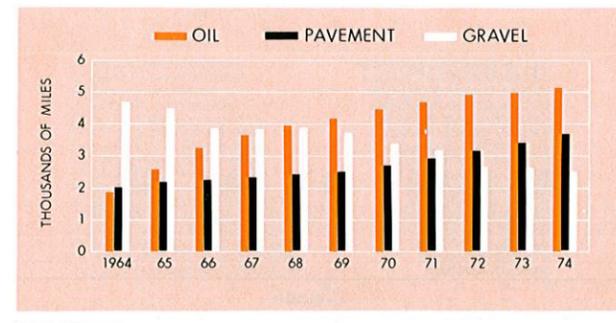
Table 52: TOURIST ENQUIRIES SASKATCHEWAN DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM



	1971	1972	1973	1974
thousands				
Regular Mail Enquiries	54.0	62.0	57.5	31.4
Write in Returns —				
— Advertisements	9.4	17.2	14.5	11.3
— Sport Shows	10.9	11.4	12.8	10.0
Referrals from Canadian Gov't. Office of Tourism & Others	0.5	0.9	1.8	0.7
Visitor Information Centers	7.4	20.8	21.2	23.2
Enquiries to Camp Call	—	—	—	6.8
Total Enquiries	82.3	112.3	107.8	83.3

Source: Saskatchewan Dept. of Tourism & Renewable Resources.

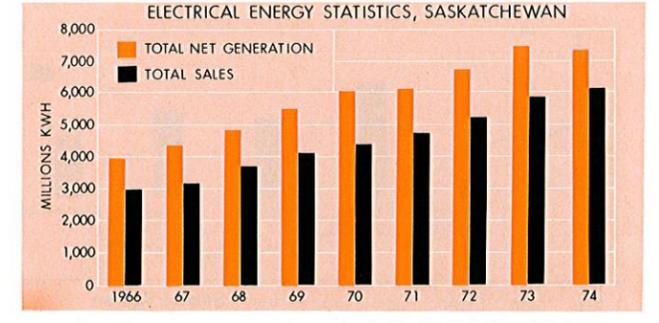
Table 53: PROVINCIAL HIGHWAYS BY SURFACE TYPE, Saskatchewan¹



Year ²	Pavement	Oil	Gravel	Earth	Total
number of miles					
1962	1,810	1,001	5,490	43	8,344
1963	1,893	1,272	5,138	44	8,346
1964	2,001	1,987	4,699	25	8,713
1965	2,162	2,561	4,482	115	9,319
1966	2,227	3,227	3,880	118	9,451
1967	2,290	3,627	3,836	44	9,798
1968	2,384	3,960	3,890	62	10,296
1969	2,477	4,116	3,713	66	10,371
1970	2,676	4,423	3,394	26	10,520
1971	2,895	4,608	3,159	68	10,731
1972	3,134	4,900	2,687	108	10,830
1973	3,372	5,001	2,635	87	11,095
1974	3,663	5,151	2,515	17	11,346

¹Mileage maintained by the Department of Highways.
²As at April 1.
Source: Saskatchewan Department of Highways and Transportation.

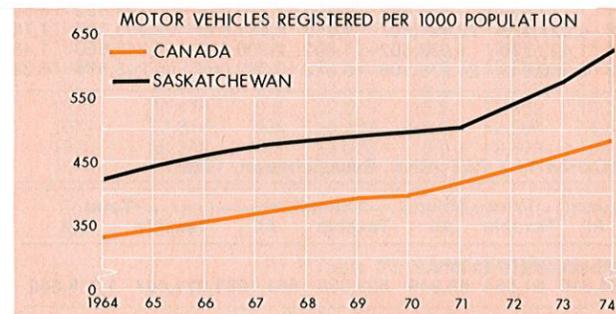
Table 54: ELECTRIC ENERGY STATISTICS, Saskatchewan



		1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
millions of kwh							
Supply							
Net generation							
Utilities		5,298	5,816	5,889	6,542	7,245	7,166
Industries		224	195	186	204	192	199
Total Net Generation		5,522	6,011	6,075	6,747	7,438	7,364
Energy imported		72	31	60	183	469	679
Total Supply		5,594	6,042	6,136	6,930	7,907	8,044
Disposition							
Energy exported		683	806	578	801	1,035	931
Used in own plant		228	202	207	219	205	225
Sales to ultimate customers							
Power		2,107	2,293	2,486	2,836	3,422	3,895 ³
Commercial		434	458	476	499	509	...
Domestic ¹		1,525	1,601	1,726	1,848	1,904	2,136
Street lighting		43	45	48	49	50	52
Total Sales		4,109	4,397	4,736	5,231	5,886	6,083
Losses and unaccounted ²		574	636	615	679	781	805
Total Disposition		5,594	6,042	6,136	6,930	7,907	8,044

¹Includes sales to farm customers.
²Includes distribution by non-respondents.
³Includes Commercial Sales.
Source: Statistics Canada 57-001, *Electric Power Statistics*; 57-202, *Electric Power Statistics, Volume II*.

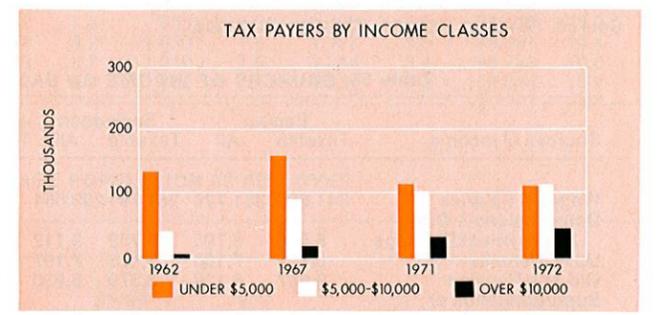
Table 55: MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATIONS, Saskatchewan



Registration Year	Passenger Automobiles	Trucks and Power Units	Other Motor Vehicles ¹	Total Registrations
1962	242,271	128,591	1,357	372,219
1963	250,183	130,692	1,315	382,190
1964	259,919	135,257	1,566	396,742
1965	267,771	143,557	7,278	418,606
1966	272,749	151,244	14,565	438,558
1967	282,374	156,880	14,998	454,252
1968	287,611	160,944	15,462	464,017
1969	284,356	173,913	14,094	472,363
1970	284,251	165,922	14,232	464,405
1971	277,690	171,787	15,447	464,924
1972	292,487	186,484	17,243	496,214
1973	304,885	199,524	19,148	523,557
1974	328,940	219,566	20,412	568,918

¹Includes motorcycles, government vehicles commencing with 1965, school buses in 1966.
Source: Statistics Canada 53-219, *The Motor Vehicle, Part III, Registrations*. Saskatchewan Department of Finance, Taxation Branch.

Table 56: DISTRIBUTION OF TAXPAYERS BY INCOME GROUPS, Saskatchewan



Income Classes	Number of Returns			
	1962	1967	1971	1972
Under \$1,500	10,607	14,018	713	1,091
\$1,500 to \$2,000	15,048	17,853	10,446	8,536
\$2,000 to \$3,000	37,056	43,999	32,265	26,587
\$3,000 to \$4,000	40,586	44,525	37,270	37,109
\$4,000 to \$5,000	32,546	38,409	32,562	37,530
\$5,000 to \$10,000	41,671	90,883	100,502	115,777
\$10,000 to \$25,000	5,651	17,621	30,404	44,031
\$25,000 and over	404	1,203	1,691	2,518
Total taxable returns	183,569	268,511	245,853	273,179
Non-taxable returns	81,101	80,188	119,362	107,536
Total All Returns	264,670	348,699	365,215	380,715

Source: Revenue Canada, *Taxation Statistics*.

Table 57: INCOME TAX STATISTICS BY SELECTED OCCUPATION, Saskatchewan and Canada

Occupation	Saskatchewan		Canada	
	1963	1972	1963	1972
1. Farmers & Fishermen	36,534	47,336	96,203	158,865
2. Medical Doctors & Surgeons	596	708	15,019	22,065
3. Dentists	158	159	5,092	5,097
4. Lawyers & Notaries	216	250	7,728	9,300
5. Accountants	156	148	4,590	5,151
6. Engineers & Architects	53	34	2,594	2,412
7. Other Professional	374	389	12,243	22,107
8. Retail Traders	4,363	4,036	82,735	97,627
9. Other Business Proprietors	5,554	6,504	131,272	175,400
10. Teachers & Professors	9,088	13,053	174,165	293,842
11. Other Employees	127,819	177,015	6,539,625	50,162,137
12. Salesmen	1,687	846	51,311	210,363
13. Investors	5,352	9,116	147,424	228,536
14. Property Owners	n.a.	2,307	n.a.	60,854
15. Pensioners	2,165	6,078	61,912	212,457
16. Unclassified	889	5,200	13,759	226,649
Total Taxable	195,004	273,179	22,421,607	8,081,015
Non-taxable	78,086	107,536	1,853,502	2,300,990
All Returns	273,090	380,715	24,275,108	10,382,005

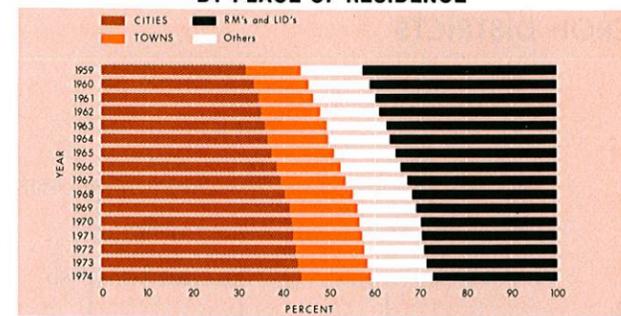
Source: Revenue Canada, Taxation Statistics.

Table 58: SOURCES OF INCOME ON BASIS OF INCOME TAX RETURNS, Saskatchewan, 1972

Sources of Income	Regina		Saskatoon		Moose Jaw		Prince Albert		Other Areas		Total	
	Taxable	All	Taxable	All	Taxable	All	Taxable	All	Taxable	All	Taxable	All
Wages & Salaries	341,690	351,726	281,791	293,551	63,333	65,310	61,554	63,946	523,038	561,108	1,271,407	1,335,640
Commissions & Other												
Employment Earnings	8,556	8,795	8,759	9,112	845	885	1,283	1,640	5,824	6,971	25,267	27,402
U.I.C. Benefits	6,362	7,165	5,973	7,197	1,389	1,637	1,661	2,061	18,584	23,223	33,969	41,282
Old Age Pension	3,847	6,129	3,379	5,930	1,296	2,625	388	1,115	13,734	28,877	22,284	44,676
Superannuation or Pension	7,344	8,625	6,982	8,703	2,021	2,502	573	858	11,131	13,780	28,051	34,467
Net Business Income	9,918	10,288	7,419	7,929	2,245	2,417	1,992	2,136	40,976	45,006	62,550	67,777
Net Professional Income	12,695	12,761	9,663	9,818	2,274	2,401	2,316	2,335	16,618	16,873	43,565	44,188
Net Commission Income	800	896	1,254	1,401	494	495	320	365	4,220	4,856	7,088	8,014
Net Farming or Fishing Income	7,514	7,908	8,069	9,224	4,302	4,444	1,261	1,759	237,205	277,843	258,351	301,180
Taxable Amount of Dividends	3,836	4,313	2,965	3,426	836	1,013	637	739	6,954	8,280	15,228	17,771
Bond, Bank & Mortgage Interest	14,787	16,743	13,368	15,223	3,816	4,439	1,825	2,377	49,857	60,395	83,653	99,179
Income from Trusts, Annuity, Foreign & Canadian Investment	2,095	2,332	2,420	2,606	408	488	181	210	8,410	9,709	13,515	15,344
Net Rental Income	2,611	3,006	2,308	2,452	806	925	451	533	6,617	8,143	12,793	15,058
Net Taxable Capital Gains	671	717	663	693	87	99	61	63	997	1,166	2,479	2,738
Miscellaneous Income	1,968	2,344	1,853	2,590	400	486	202	286	3,229	4,226	7,653	9,932
Total Income Assessed	424,335	443,747	356,866	379,852	84,551	90,168	74,707	80,423	947,393	1,070,457	1,887,853	2,064,647

Source: Revenue Canada, Taxation Statistics.

Table 59: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE



Year	Place of Residence					
	City	Town	Village	R.M.	L.I.D.	Reservation
1959	31.7	12.1	11.2	40.4	2.1	2.5
1960	33.4	12.0	11.0	39.0	2.0	2.6
1961	34.2	12.4	10.8	38.0	2.0	2.7
1962	35.0	13.0	10.3	37.0	2.0	2.7
1963	35.9	13.4	10.3	35.6	2.0	2.9
1964	36.4	13.5	10.2	35.0	2.0	3.0
1965	37.3	13.8	10.2	33.8	1.9	3.1
1966	38.3	14.3	10.0	32.6	1.8	3.1
1967	39.2	14.7	9.9	31.3	1.7	3.2
1968	40.1	15.1	9.7	30.3	1.5	3.3
1969	41.1	15.2	9.6	29.4	1.4	3.3
1970	41.6	15.3	9.5	28.8	1.4	3.5
1971	42.1	15.3	9.4	28.2	1.5	3.6
1972	42.8	15.2	9.2	27.7	1.4	3.7
1973	43.2	15.2	9.0	27.3	1.4	4.0
1974	43.9	15.7	9.2	25.8	1.3	4.1

Source: Saskatchewan Hospital Services Plan Annual Covered Population Reports.

Table 61: SASKATCHEWAN POPULATION 65 AND OVER BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE

Year	Cities		Towns		Villages		R.M.'s		L.I.D.'s		Reservations		Province	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
1963	31,976	9.5	18,900	15.0	13,653	14.1	26,212	7.8	1,243	6.7	1,004	3.7	92,988	9.8
1964	30,217	8.9	18,017	14.2	12,606	13.2	23,500	7.2	1,121	6.1	995	3.6	86,456	9.2
1965	31,344	8.9	18,680	14.4	12,906	13.4	23,026	7.2	1,108	6.2	1,038	3.6	88,102	9.3
1966	32,271	8.9	19,485	14.4	12,838	13.5	22,109	7.1	1,092	6.3	1,042	3.5	88,837	9.3
1967	33,395	8.9	20,546	14.6	12,740	13.5	21,877	7.3	1,025	6.4	1,115	3.6	90,698	9.5
1968	34,111	8.8	21,393	14.8	12,334	13.2	21,250	7.3	917	6.4	1,123	3.5	91,128	9.5
1969	34,929	8.8	21,840	14.9	12,277	13.3	20,782	7.3	909	6.7	1,117	3.5	91,854	9.5
1970	35,658	9.0	22,183	15.3	12,360	13.7	20,629	7.6	920	6.9	1,145	3.5	92,895	9.8
1971	36,479	9.2	22,635	15.8	12,352	14.0	20,582	7.8	955	7.0	1,166	3.5	94,169	10.0
1972	37,816	9.5	23,180	16.3	12,500	14.6	21,274	8.2	1,030	7.6	1,197	3.5	96,997	10.4
1973	39,342	9.9	23,676	16.9	12,623	15.2	21,888	8.7	1,010	7.9	1,244	3.4	99,783	10.8
1974	40,669	10.0	24,728	17.1	12,573	14.9	20,133	8.4	956	7.8	1,255	3.3	100,314	10.9

Source: Saskatchewan Hospital Services Plan Annual Covered Population Reports.

Table 62: SASKATCHEWAN PERCENTAGE POPULATION 65 AND OVER

Year	AGE						%	Number
	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90+		
1961	3.1	—	—	—	—	—	9.4	85,572
1962	3.1	—	—	—	—	—	9.5	86,591
1963	3.0	2.7	2.2	1.3	0.5	0.2	9.8	92,988
1964	2.9	2.5	2.0	1.2	0.5	0.2	9.3	86,456
1965	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.3	0.5	0.2	9.3	88,102
1966	2.9	2.5	2.0	1.3	0.5	0.2	9.3	88,837
1967	2.9	2.4	2.0	1.3	0.6	0.3	9.5	90,698
1968	3.0	2.4	2.0	1.3	0.6	0.3	9.5	91,128
1969	3.1	2.3	2.0	1.3	0.7	0.2	9.5	91,854
1970	3.2	2.4	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.2	9.8	92,895
1971	3.3	2.4	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.3	10.0	94,169
1972	3.4	2.5	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.3	10.4	96,997
1973	3.6	2.7	2.0	1.4	0.8	0.3	10.8	99,783
1974	3.6	2.7	1.9	1.4	0.8	0.3	10.9	100,314

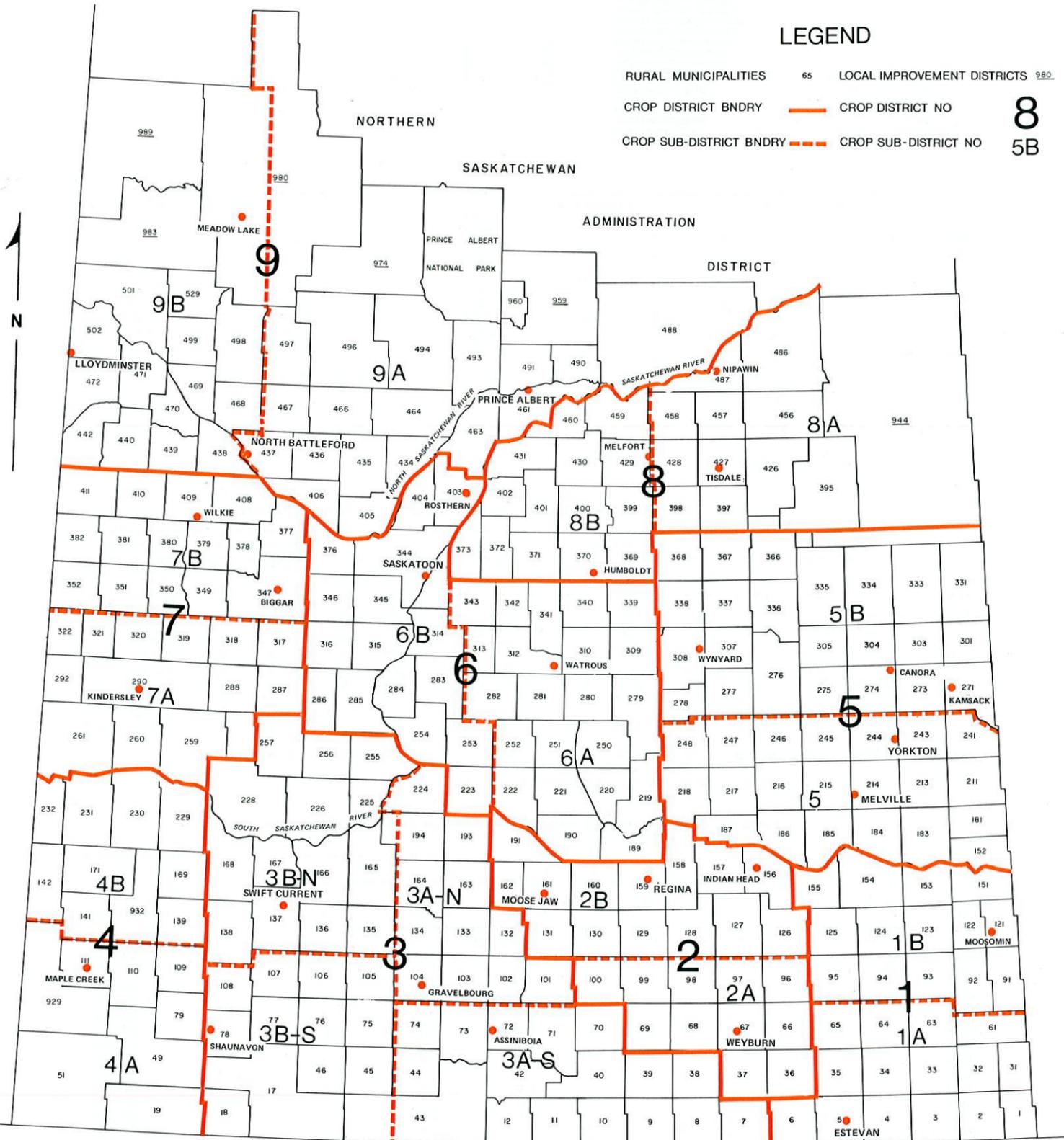
Source: Saskatchewan Hospital Services Plan Annual Covered Population Report.

Note: The data contained in this publication have been drawn from a number of sources and therefore such data as population counts may vary slightly between sources.

SASKATCHEWAN BY CROP DISTRICTS

LEGEND

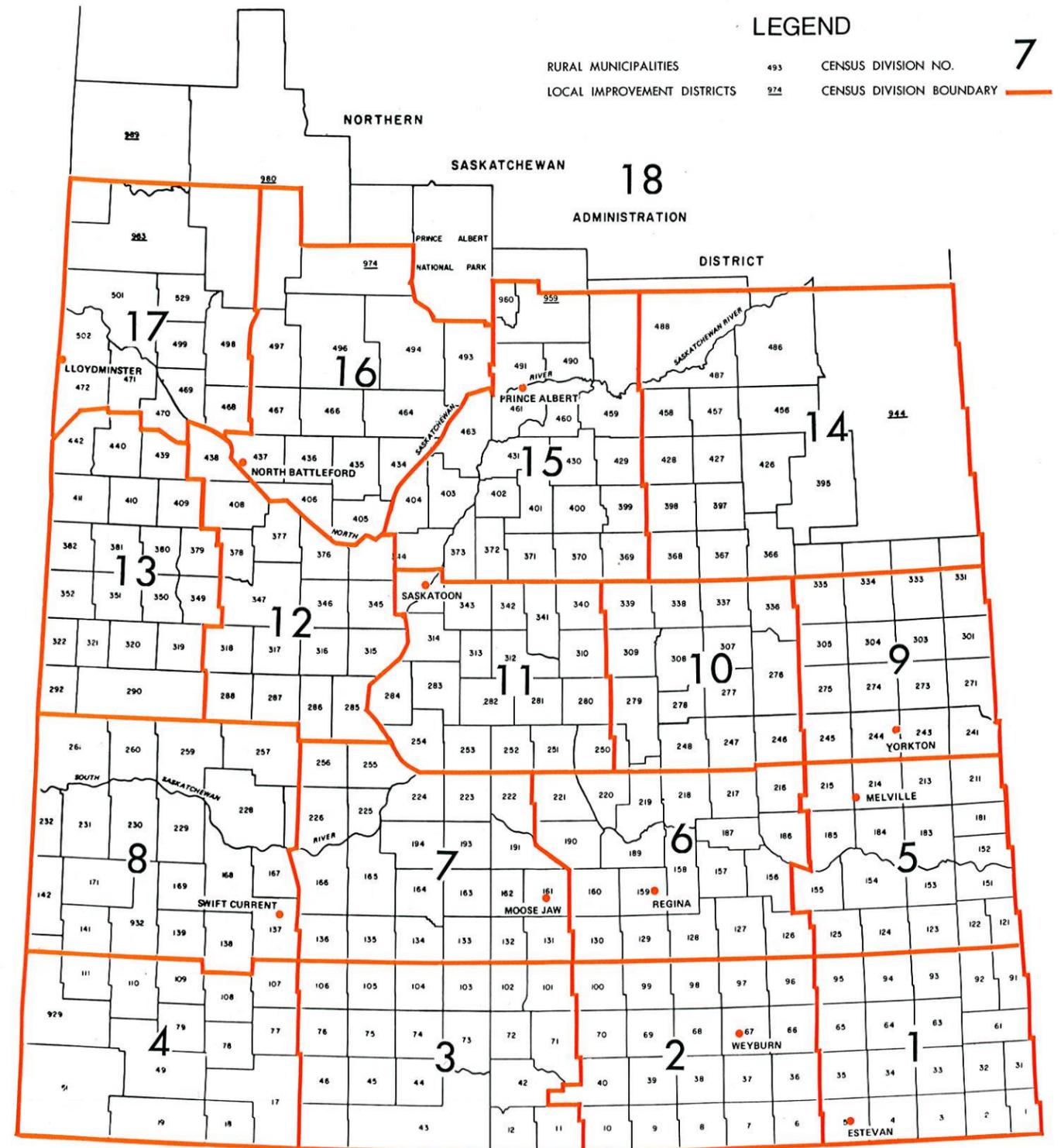
- RURAL MUNICIPALITIES 65
- CROP DISTRICT BNDRY ——— CROP DISTRICT NO 8
- CROP SUB-DISTRICT BNDRY - - - - CROP SUB-DISTRICT NO 5B
- LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS 980



SASKATCHEWAN BY CENSUS DIVISIONS

LEGEND

- RURAL MUNICIPALITIES 493
- LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS 974
- CENSUS DIVISION NO. 7
- CENSUS DIVISION BOUNDARY ———



ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS

OF

SASKATCHEWAN

1951 TO 1974

The main impetus leading to the development of a set of provincial economic accounts has been the need to provide a framework for describing and studying the economy. Whereas the old approach merely represented a collection of variables, a set of accounts will provide information not only about movements of statistical aggregates over time, but important information about the structural properties of the economy. Such an accounting system emphasizes the interrelatedness of economic variables to each other and to the whole.

The following tables represent the main summary tables in a set of economic accounts. With the development of sector accounts, i.e., personal sector, government sector, business sector, non-resident sector, more in-depth analysis will be possible since sector accounts depict the whole set of transactions among the various sectors of the economy.

The first preliminary estimates of Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product (GDP) consolidated income and outlay accounts (1951-1973) were published in March, 1975. The following tables, represent a second set of preliminary accounts incorporating recently revised data and includes the 1974 accounts. The present publication contains a brief analysis of Saskatchewan's economic accounts; the main Gross Domestic Product income and outlay tables; Canada-Saskatchewan GDP comparison tables; and finally, personal sector tables. Further sectoral breakdowns are currently underway.

The Saskatchewan provincial economic accounts have been estimated using the domestic approach; i.e., a measure of the production of goods and services, valued at market prices, which takes place within the province's geographic boundaries during a specific time period.

The personal sector comprises the set of transactions of individual persons.

In terms of current dollars, Saskatchewan Gross Domestic Product rose from \$1,210 million in 1951 to \$5,555 million in 1974, over a four-fold increase, and per capita Gross Domestic Product rose from \$1,454 to \$6,125.

The following is a brief discussion of the growth of the Saskatchewan economy and the changes in

the sources and dispositions of income. The nature of the shift among sectors is set out in the table which follows.

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Income Account	1951	1974
	%	%
Wages, Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income	26.9	36.0
Corporate Profits Before Taxes	7.4	8.0
Interest and Miscellaneous Investment Income	2.0	5.1
Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production	42.8	24.1
(a) Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production	43.0	19.0
(b) Adjustment on Grain Transactions	-0.2	5.1
Net Income of Non-farm Unincorporated Business Including Rent	9.9	5.1
Inventory Valuation Adjustment	-1.5	-1.2
Indirect Taxes less Subsidies	5.5	8.1
Capital Consumption Allowances and Miscellaneous Valuation Adjustments	9.8	13.8
Residual Error of Estimate	-2.8	1.0
TOTAL	100.0	100.0
Outlay Account	1951	1974
	%	%
Personal Expenditure on Goods and Services	63.8	55.0
Government Expenditure on Goods and Services	15.3	24.3
(a) current	11.3	18.3
(b) capital	4.0	6.0
Business Gross Fixed Capital Formation	15.4	17.0
Value of Physical Changes in Inventories	12.7	0.7
Exports of Goods and Services	49.5	56.5
Imports of Goods and Services	-59.5	-52.5
Residual Error of Estimate	2.8	-1.0
TOTAL	100.0	100.0

Changes in the Disposition of Gross Domestic Product

The growth of Gross Domestic Product was accompanied by shifts in the disposition of income among the various sectors. The notable changes are the growth in the share of government and of gross fixed capital formation, the decline in the share of consumers, the substantially larger proportion of provincial income coming from exports and the diminishing proportion of income directed towards purchasing imports.

An outstanding shift is the increasing share of expenditures absorbed by government. Government expenditure accounted for 15 per cent of Gross Domestic Product in 1951 and 24 per cent in 1974. To a large extent, the increase is the result of increased services such as medical and health care services provided by government, as well as some expansion in government current expenditure on goods over the period from 1951 to 1974.

The share of business gross fixed capital formation has increased only slightly. The largest increase was mainly of the residential type which more than doubled over the period under observation.

The relative importance of the external sector increased during the period as exports rose from 49 per cent in 1951 to 57 per cent in 1974 and imports declined with about 53 per cent of expenditure going to imports in 1974 compared to 60 per cent in 1951.

Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services in 1974 amounted to \$3,057 million or 55 per cent of aggregate expenditure, compared to 64 per cent in 1951. Patterns of consumer expenditure also shifted over this period. With higher incomes and changes in tastes, consumers devoted a larger proportion of their income to recreation, entertainment, education and cultural services. Other distinct shifts in the spending pattern were the relative decline in expenditures for food and clothing and the relative increase in expenditures in transportation and communication.

Changes in Income Flows

During the period under review, both labour income and corporate profits increased their share of GDP, the former from 27 per cent in 1951 to 36 per cent in 1974, and the latter from 7 per cent in 1951 to 8 per cent in 1974.

The share of interest and miscellaneous investment income in 1974 was 5 per cent, a significantly larger proportion than in 1951.

The marked decline of accrued net income of farm operators from farm production as a proportion of total income reflects the changing position of agriculture in an economy striving for diversification. In 1974 agriculture accounted for 24 per cent of total income, compared with 43 per cent in 1951.

Personal Income (G.D.P.)

Personal income rose from \$1,064 million in 1951, to \$4,170 million in 1974. On a per capita basis, personal income was \$1,279 in 1951 and \$4,598 in 1974. Personal disposable income rose from \$1,015 million to \$3,607 million, an increase of 226 per cent on a per capita basis.

Some of the shifts in the sources of personal income such as the increased importance of labour income and the relative declining importance of farm income and income of unincorporated business, were discussed earlier. One of the most significant shifts is the enhanced importance of transfer payments. Transfer payments represented 13 per cent of personal income in 1974, in contrast to 7 per cent in 1951.

PERSONAL INCOME — PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION

	1951	1974
	%	%
Wages, Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income	30.6	48.0
Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production	49.0	25.4
Net Income of Non-farm Unincorporated Business Including Rent	11.3	6.7
Interest and Miscellaneous Investment Income	2.2	6.8
Transfer Payments	6.9	13.1
(a) from corporations	0.3	0.2
(b) from government	6.5	12.7
(c) from non-residents	0.1	0.2
PERSONAL INCOME	100.0	100.0

Table 2: PERSONAL SECTOR — INCOME AND OUTLAY ACCOUNTS

INCOME ACCOUNT	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
millions of dollars												
Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labor Income ¹	326	359	423	460	468	528	565	596	637	654	665	688
Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business Including Rent	120	137	130	111	132	141	138	138	137	156	135	157
Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production												
Net Income Received by Farm Operators from Farm Production	521	601	469	128	298	386	167	198	205	273	59	414
Adjustment on Grain Transactions	-3	24	-18	-10	29	16	-5	-3	-7	2	15	2
Interest and Miscellaneous Investment Income	24	29	28	26	36	52	52	57	55	56	59	80
Current Transfers From Corporations	3	3	3	3	3	4	5	5	5	5	4	4
From Government Transfer Payments to Persons	69	84	84	91	121	104	115	167	153	197	147	174
Capital Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
From Non-Residents	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Total	1,061	1,237	1,120	810	1,089	1,234	1,041	1,161	1,187	1,345	1,088	1,523

¹Includes military pay and allowances.
 *Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics Estimate.
 NOTE: Columns may not add to total due to rounding.

OUTLAY ACCOUNT	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
millions of dollars												
Purchases of Consumer Goods and Services From Business	708	793	859	818	842	906	969	1,038	1,085	1,108	1,119	1,187
From Persons	24	27	28	21	28	33	29	33	36	44	22	31
From Non-Residents	40	47	44	33	44	51	43	47	50	56	44	59
Current Transfers To Government	49	71	77	70	72	64	72	85	94	101	109	126
To Corporations	2	3	4	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	6	6
To Non-Residents	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	5
Saving Personal Saving	238	269	123	-129	66	155	-76	-49	-81	22	-231	107
Adjustment on Grain Transactions	-3	24	-18	-10	29	16	-5	-3	-7	2	15	2
Total	1,061	1,237	1,120	810	1,089	1,234	1,041	1,161	1,187	1,345	1,088	1,523

*Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics Estimate

Table 3: PERSONAL INCOME RELATIONSHIPS

	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
Total Income	1,061	1,237	1,120	810	1,089	1,234	1,041	1,161	1,187	1,345	1,088	1,523
Deduct: Adjustment on Grain Transactions	-3	24	-18	-10	29	16	-5	-3	-7	2	15	2
Equals: Personal Income	1,064	1,213	1,138	820	1,060	1,218	1,046	1,164	1,194	1,343	1,073	1,521
Deduct: Current Transfers to Government	49	71	77	70	72	64	72	85	94	101	109	126
Equals: Personal Disposable Income	1,015	1,142	1,061	750	988	1,154	974	1,079	1,100	1,242	964	1,395
Deduct: Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services	772	867	931	872	914	990	1,041	1,118	1,171	1,208	1,185	1,277
Current Transfers to Corporations	2	3	4	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	6	6
Current Transfers to Non-Residents	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	5
Equals: Personal Saving	238	269	123	-129	66	155	-76	-49	-81	22	-231	107

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974*	INCOME ACCOUNT
millions of dollars													
Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labor Income ¹	720	770	856	957	1,065	1,146	1,222	1,251	1,345	1,504	1,659	2,001	Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labor Income ¹
Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business Including Rent	177	170	182	208	188	194	204	204	218	236	255	281	Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business Including Rent
Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production													Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production
Net Income Received by Farm Operators from Farm Production	535	320	453	558	330	433	388	185	438	377	865	1,058	Net Income Received by Farm Operators from Farm Production
Adjustment on Grain Transactions	78	67	-23	89	-54	-140	6	49	40	-15	25	281	Adjustment on Grain Transactions
Interest and Miscellaneous Investment Income	95	103	121	136	141	147	156	159	175	178	241	284	Interest and Miscellaneous Investment Income
Current Transfers From Corporations	4	5	5	6	6	7	6	8	7	7	8	8	Current Transfers From Corporations
From Government Transfer Payments to Persons	147	160	168	180	192	237	261	284	326	390	446	527	From Government Transfer Payments to Persons
Capital Assistance	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	2	Capital Assistance
From Non-Residents	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	6	7	8	9	9	From Non-Residents
Total	1,760	1,599	1,768	2,140	1,871	2,028	2,247	2,145	2,556	2,687	3,509	4,451	Total

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974*	OUTLAY ACCOUNT
millions of dollars													
Purchases of Consumer Goods and Services From Business	1,274	1,349	1,436	1,576	1,657	1,719	1,704	1,724	1,851	2,024	2,336	2,797	Purchases of Consumer Goods and Services From Business
From Persons	34	31	37	44	44	53	58	57	70	74	90	102	From Persons
From Non-Residents	63	60	69	80	70	81	90	84	98	100	130	158	From Non-Residents
Current Transfers To Government	136	154	180	228	266	290	320	344	353	392	465	563	Current Transfers To Government
To Corporations	7	8	10	11	12	15	20	23	24	27	38	51	To Corporations
To Non-Residents	5	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	8	8	To Non-Residents
Saving Personal Saving	163	-74	54	107	-129	5	43	-142	114	79	417	491	Saving Personal Saving
Adjustment on Grain Transactions	78	67	-23	89	-54	-140	6	49	40	-15	25	281	Adjustment on Grain Transactions
Total	1,760	1,599	1,768	2,140	1,871	2,028	2,247	2,145	2,556	2,687	3,509	4,451	Total

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	
Total Income	1,760	1,599	1,768	2,140	1,871	2,028	2,247	2,145	2,556	2,687	3,509	4,451	Total Income
Deduct: Adjustment on Grain Transactions	78	67	-23	89	-54	-140	6	49	40	-15	25	281	Deduct: Adjustment on Grain Transactions
Equals: Personal Income	1,682	1,532	1,791	2,051	1,925	2,168	2,241	2,096	2,516	2,702	3,484	4,170	Equals: Personal Income
Deduct: Current Transfers to Government	136	154	180	228	266	290	320	344	353	392	465	563	Deduct: Current Transfers to Government
Equals: Personal Disposable Income	1,546	1,378	1,611	1,823	1,659	1,878	1,921	1,752	2,163	2,310	3,019	3,607	Equals: Personal Disposable Income
Deduct: Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services	1,371	1,440	1,542	1,700	1,771	1,853	1,852	1,865	2,019	2,198	2,556	3,057	Deduct: Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services
Current Transfers to Corporations	7	8	10	11	12	15	20	23	24	27	38	51	Current Transfers to Corporations
Current Transfers to Non-Residents	5	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	8	8	Current Transfers to Non-Residents
Equals: Personal Saving	163	-74	54	107	-129	5	43	-142	114	79	417	491	Equals: Personal Saving

Table 4: SASKATCHEWAN EXPORTS — TO CANADA AND ABROAD

Year	Selected Exports by Port of Clearance	Exports of Manufactured Goods Inside	Exports of Lumber Outside	Exports of Agricultural Grains		Exports of Potash Outside	Exports of Potash Inside	Exports of Crude Oil Outside
				Outside	Inside			
millions of dollars								
1951	59	65	3	291	118	—	—	—
1952	69	67	3	409	140	—	—	—
1953	37	69	3	373	119	—	—	—
1954	42	73	3	225	90	—	—	—
1955	56	77	3	235	109	—	—	4
1956	33	77	1	295	135	—	—	12
1957	60	75	2	279	113	—	—	25
1958	66	81	2	273	96	—	—	31
1959	55	88	2	247	92	—	—	27
1960	63	86	2	307	113	—	—	31
1961	73	86	3	370	99	—	—	30
1962	84	92	3	353	66	—	—	34
1963	74	97	4	539	123	21	1	35
1964	74	99	3	614	86	29	1	44
1965	94	110	3	517	66	58	3	55
1966	106	123	4	671	102	72	4	54
1967	82	125	4	533	135	74	4	54
1968	113	127	6	319	98	74	4	60
1969	136	138	6	321	125	75	4	53
1970	132	142	5	456	168	106	5	63
1971	133	151	8	586	171	139	7	83
1972	156	168	14	729	187	138	8	107
1973	209	208	19	1,133	319	187	8	141
1974*	213	258	15	1,384	396	307	15	211

* Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics Estimate

Table 5: SASKATCHEWAN IMPORTS — FROM CANADA AND ABROAD

Year	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Out-of-Country Purchases by Sask. Travellers	Out-of-Province Purchases in Canada by Sask. Travellers	Imports by Port of Clearance	Other Imports From Inside Canada & Abroad	Total Imports
1951	27	—	17	23	70	584	721
1952	30	—	22	25	94	625	796
1953	34	—	21	24	103	736	918
1954	31	—	16	17	72	707	843
1955	25	—	22	22	56	699	824
1956	28	—	26	25	71	851	1,001
1957	34	—	22	22	71	859	1,008
1958	34	—	23	24	67	905	1,053
1959	40	—	25	25	79	910	1,079
1960	38	1	28	28	82	939	1,116
1961	36	2	22	22	75	896	1,053
1962	38	2	28	31	79	963	1,141
1963	42	3	28	35	107	1,047	1,262
1964	40	3	29	31	121	1,116	1,340
1965	43	4	34	36	128	1,264	1,509
1966	48	5	39	41	150	1,430	1,713
1967	49	5	33	37	153	1,551	1,828
1968	49	6	39	42	128	1,599	1,863
1969	55	7	47	43	124	1,433	1,709
1970	53	6	44	40	91	1,316	1,550
1971	48	6	49	49	115	1,506	1,773
1972	39	6	48	52	134	1,829	2,108
1973	53	7	63	67	188	2,020	2,398
1974*	102	11	78	80	314	2,332	2,917

*Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics Estimate.

Exports of Crude Oil Inside	Exports of Natural Gas Outside	Purchases of Goods and Services in Saskatchewan by Non- Canadians	Purchases of Goods and Services in Saskatchewan by Non-Sask. Residents of Canada	Exports of Livestock Inside	Total Exports Inside Canada	Total Exports Outside Canada	Total Exports
—	—	4	9	49	241	357	598
—	—	5	10	35	252	486	738
—	—	6	10	36	234	419	653
—	—	6	11	38	212	276	488
—	—	5	11	37	234	303	537
—	—	5	12	39	263	346	609
—	—	5	13	46	247	371	618
57	—	6	14	57	305	378	683
66	—	6	15	51	312	337	649
66	—	5	16	42	323	408	731
81	—	5	16	53	335	481	816
101	—	6	17	46	322	480	802
114	—	6	18	42	395	679	1,074
129	—	7	19	45	379	771	1,150
135	—	7	21	58	393	734	1,127
149	1	8	23	64	465	916	1,381
149	—	9	25	67	505	756	1,261
141	—	8	28	62	460	580	1,040
138	—	8	30	59	494	599	1,093
131	1	10	32	59	537	773	1,310
128	—	11	35	68	560	960	1,520
103	—	12	40	80	586	1,156	1,742
119	—	15	45	89	788	1,704	2,492
181	—	17	52	89	991	2,147	3,138

Table 6: COMPARISONS OF GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCTS
SASKATCHEWAN AND CANADA

Year	G.D.P.		% Change in G.D.P.		Sask. G.D.P. as % of Canada	Sask. Population as % of Canada	Per Capita G.D.P.			
	Sask.	Canada	Sask.	Canada			Sask.	Canada	Ratio	
(\$ millions)										
1951	1,210	22,031	—	—	5.5	5.9	1,454	1,573	—	.92
1952	1,477	24,912	22.1	13.1	5.9	5.8	1,752	1,723	—	1.02
1953	1,337	26,134	-9.5	4.9	5.1	5.8	1,553	1,760	—	.88
1954	1,039	26,257	-22.3	0.5	4.0	5.7	1,190	1,718	—	.69
1955	1,351	28,913	30.1	10.1	4.7	5.6	1,539	1,842	—	.84
1956	1,493	32,519	10.5	12.5	4.6	5.5	1,695	2,022	—	.84
1957	1,335	34,076	-10.6	4.8	3.9	5.3	1,517	2,052	—	.74
1958	1,417	35,302	6.1	3.6	4.0	5.2	1,590	2,067	—	.77
1959	1,482	37,455	4.6	6.1	4.0	5.2	1,634	2,142	—	.76
1960	1,687	38,975	13.8	4.1	4.3	5.1	1,844	2,181	—	.85
1961	1,448	40,368	-14.2	3.6	3.6	5.1	1,565	2,213	—	.71
1962	1,898	43,698	31.1	8.2	4.3	5.0	2,041	2,352	—	.87
1963	2,297	46,825	21.0	7.2	4.9	4.9	2,462	2,473	—	.99
1964	2,145	51,188	-6.6	9.3	4.2	4.9	2,277	2,654	—	.86
1965	2,359	56,384	10.0	10.2	4.2	4.8	2,483	2,870	—	.87
1966	2,826	62,976	19.8	11.7	4.5	4.8	2,959	3,146	—	.94
1967	2,608	67,678	-7.7	7.5	3.9	4.7	2,725	3,321	—	.82
1968	2,695	73,837	3.3	9.1	3.6	4.6	2,807	3,567	—	.79
1969	2,949	81,057	9.4	9.8	3.6	4.6	3,078	3,860	—	.80
1970	2,812	87,071	-4.6	7.4	3.2	4.4	2,988	4,088	—	.73
1971	3,248	94,883	15.5	9.0	3.4	4.3	3,508	4,399	—	.80
1972	3,354	105,073	3.3	10.7	3.2	4.2	3,662	4,815	—	.76
1973	4,531	122,239	35.1	16.3	3.7	4.1	4,990	5,532	—	.90
1974*	5,555	143,122	22.6	17.1	3.9	4.0	6,125	6,376	—	.96

*Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics Estimate.

